TIMES OFFICE
No. 26 Broad St.
Opposite Driard.

# Victoria Times.

VOL. 21 — VICTORIA B. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 25, 895 — No. 21

.... rugs....
Unlike clothes moths always be of the best. Western pure drugs only in our description department.
C. E. JONES, P.P.P.P.,
36 Gov't St., Always Open.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL
...Manufacturing...
JEWELERS.
47 Government St. - Opposite Bank of B.C.

THE WESTSIDE

That January "Joy Killer,"
Dull Trade, Has Been Driven Away.

After the reaction from Holiday activity we have used a stimulant--on our stock. It has been often proved that the drawing power of Exceptional Value has made business until the Spring demand starts.

We have made prices talk for us as seldom before. Buyers have found out the excellent value obtained during the past week and we want to keep the people coming our way. Business, is serious business. We don't believe in trifling with the public, nor in the folly of marking up in order to record a greater apparent reduction.

There is Plenty of Money

Where the last lot came from, and desiring to give our customers an extension of time in which to invest it to good advantage and to put "music into the march," we continue to sell

Dress Goods, Jackets, Mantles, Underwear, Etc., at Marked Reductions

42 in. Heavy Serges at 15c.
54 in. English Heavy Tweeds at 00c. worth from $1.50 to $2.25.
Eider Down Flannels at 35c. worth 60c.
Indigo Print at 12 yds. for $1.00
Watered Striped Silks at 50c. per yard.
Grey Flannels "The Real Makay," from 12 1-2c. per yard.
Flannelettes, 10, 16, and 18 yards for $1.00.
White Cottons, 10, 16, and 22 yards for $1.
Hochelega Sheetings, plain, 8-4, 21c.; 9-4, 26c.; 10-4, 31c. per pard.
Ginghams, 10, 12 and 16 yards for $1.00.
Oilcloth, 30c. per yard; spool cotton, best, 30c. per doz.
Tapestry covers from 25c. each; 500 cards Buttons at 10c. card of 2 doz.
Umbrellas from 50c.; Blankets, grey, from $1.90 per pair; white, from $2.10 per pair. Other goods in proportion.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

THE WESTSIDE, January 19, 1895.

FOR ONE MONTH . . .
Great reductions for cash in all lines of our Large and Complete Stock
A. GREGG & SON,
TAILORS, 62 Yates St.

COAL! COAL! COAL!
The Old Reliable Wellington Coal for Household Purposes.

Wellington and Comox nut coal at reasonable prices. Carload lots at special rates.

Rattray & Hall, Sole Agents, 100 GOVT. ST., TEL. NO. 83. 34 STORE ST., TEL. NO. 197.

C. H. STICKELS . . . . ROOMS: 19 to 22 . . . . Board of Trade Building.
CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT.
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. . .

Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

## SIX YEARS ASLEEP.

Even the Death of His Wife Did not Wake Michael Fernan.

Michael Fernan of Elmira, has finished the sixth successive year of his sleep. His wife, who watched over him all the time, died on Wednesday morning and her body has been taken to Scranton for burial. During the two days that Mrs. Fernan's body lay in state all possible means to arouse her husband were used without avail.

Fernan and his wife emigrated from Ireland, and went to Scranton, a good many years ago, and in 1882 they removed to Factoryville, about thirty miles north of Scranton, at the mouth of the Factoryville tunnel. Fernan was employed as a watchman at the tunnel.

One day in December, 1888, he completed his day's work, went home, ate his supper and went to bed. The next morning he could not be aroused, nor all that day. A physician was summonded but he could do nothing. Fernan remained in a comatose state.

In the course of a week a consultation of physicians was summoned, but they could do nothing more than prescribe a means of giving nourishment.

In 1892 Fernan was brought to Elmira by his nephew John Fernan, and he has since resided there with his wife.

During the four and a half years of his sleep at Factoryville he opened his eyes but twice. He did not speak, but merely looked around the room. Then he closed them again and went asleep.

In September last he awoke and it was thought he was going to get up. He looked about him, apparently recognizing his wife, and then stared at the ceiling.

His wife summoned the neighbors and they took Fernan out of bed and tried to make him walk, but the effort was unsuccessful. He was replaced in bed, and in a few hours had again closed his eyes.—New York Sun.

Digler—I courted my wife three years before I got her, and it was nearly all wasted time.

Bigler—Why, isn't she a most excellent woman?

Digler—She is, indeed; but I have discovered since that I could have got her in three months, if I had had the gumption to ask for her.—Detroit Free Press.

## WIRE CUTTING STRIKERS

Several of Them Arrested in Brooklyn by the Police This Morning.

Companies Running Their Cars With Protection From the Militia.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 25.—At 2 o'clock this morning Roundsman Bunce and Officer McGrath arrested Biswell Willis, a motorman, and A. E. Lewis, who had attempted to cut the trolley wire near the corner of Bedford avenue and North Fourteenth street. Four others with them escaped in a wagon. The police officers fired several shots at them, and at headquarters of the police McGrath reported that he believes he shot one of them. The police were kept busy chasing the wire cutting gang of strikers during the early morning hours in different parts of the city and suburbs. The strikers are endeavoring to cripple the lines of the Brooklyn trolley system by this means. In one instance the police fired on a crowd of six of these men and succeeded in arresting two. It was learned that the men had been driving around the city cutting the wires at different points. These wire cutting tactics are now the main obstacle to the working of many of the lines. No disturbances are reported at either offices, power houses or stables of any of the companies this morning. A number of slight altercations between the police and the strikers have been reported, but nothing of a serious nature has thus far occurred. Most of the roads report wires cut during the night, but with the aid of a few old linemen who refused to go out and a number of new men the wires were put in working order, and by 8 o'clock this morning cars were started on half the roads.

The report that the seventh regiment is to be withdrawn is positively denied this morning by Col. Appleton of that regiment. He declared that the immediate withdrawal of his command was not even contemplated as yet. The commanding officers of the militia have in no wise relaxed the stringent military measures established by them when they first arrived. All approaches to the railway companies' depots, stables, etc., are as closely guarded this morning as at any time since the strike began and loiterers are not allowed to congregate in the vicinity.

The decision by Judge Gaynor, of the supreme court, against the companies in a mandamus proceedings, severely scores the Brooklyn Heights company for failing to operate its lines. Justice Gaynor declared that the whole matter is a question of wages; that the companies have not the right to suspend operations one week or one hour in order to obtain men who will take lower wages than have been paid. He said that a railroad had the right to replace men gradually or to discharge all its employes at one time provided they have enough men to operate their lines continuously.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 25.—Adjutant-General McAlpine was notified this morning by Brigadier-General McLeer, of Brooklyn, that everything was quiet there and that the companies are operating the trolley cars to-day practically without the protection of troops. The situation has sufficiently improved the general says, as to warrant him withdrawing patrols from the streets, and the guardsmen were now housed in the car houses, stations and depots.

Tired nature's Sweet Restorer,
Balmy sleep" is often disturbed by fits of coughing. LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE insures a good night's rest.
COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists,
Sole Agents, cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MORRIS' GOLF STICKS of all kinds, direct from maker, just to hand at Waitt & Co.'s. 1t

WE SELL ONLY HIGH GRADE PIANOS and then at a reasonable price. No wire-pullers engaged. You get the commission. T. W. Fletcher, 47 Fort St. 1t

FROM THE MOST RESPONSIBLE manufacturers in the Dominion of Canada, the Bell Pianos for $175, at T. W. Fletcher, 47 Fort street. Agent for Bush & Gerts, and Kroger & Co. 1t

Victoria Building Society.

The Annual General Meeting of the above Society will be held at Sir William Wallace Hall, Broad street, opposite View Street, on THURSDAY, 31st of JANUARY, 1895, at 8 p.m., for the purpose of receiving the Directors' and Auditor's Report, also Secretary's Report and Balance Sheet, and such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

Election of Officers and Board of Management, together with the 42nd drawing for an appropriation. See that your shares are in good standing.

By order.

Jan25-td A. St. G. FLINT, Secretary.

OLD COUNTRY
BOOT STORE

We beg to call the attention of the public to the fact that consignments are now arriving weekly, and that with our varied stock we are able to supply all classes of customers with RELIABLE GOODS. Once worn, always worn.

Special Line in Boys' (Strong).
Special Line in Men's (Strong).

Also Agent for Dick's Patent Belting.

91 Johnson Street,
Between Broad and Douglas Streets.

JAMES FREEL, Proprietor.

## THE UNIVERSITY DEADLOCK.

Students Refuse to Apologize for the Statement in 'Varsity.

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 25.—The deadlock between the faculty and students of the Toronto university was accentuated last night by the refusal of the board of management of the 'Varsity, the students' organ, to apologize for the statements published in last week's paper criticizing the university authorities for refusing to allow the use of the gymnasium hall for lectures on political science by two local speakers. The resignation of Editor Montgomery of the 'Varsity was accepted and a new editor was appointed. The decision of the university council was that unless the managers of the 'Varsity published an apology for the criticism the paper would be suppressed and the editor expelled from the university.

## BOWELL'S CHEEKY REQUEST

He Wants the Governor-General to Consent to an Election on the Old Lists.

French Canadians in Michigan Are Anxious to Return to Canada.

Ottawa, Jan. 25.—It has been ascertained that Premier Bowell has caused the governor-general to be approached with a view of ascertaining whether he would be favorable to granting dissolution on the old voters' lists. If he was a decision would have been reached to dissolve immediately. Sir Adolphe Caron was the commissioner who "sounded" his excellency. The result will probably be known at an important cabinet meeting summoned for to-day.

The thermometer went down to zero on Wednesday night and made ideal weather for the carnival yesterday. The streets were crowded with visitors. The toboggan slides were largely patronized. The skating championships, horse races on ice, hockey and curling events all drew a large crowd, and the carnival ball at the Russell house wound up a glorious day.

Premier Bowell leaves to-night for Belleville to attend the meeting of the loan society of which he is president.

Montreal, Jan. 25.—Father Paradis, the noted Roman Catholic colonization missionary, is in the city on business in connection with the repatriation of 572 families of French-Canadians, comprising 2985 souls. These people are now residing in the county of Laughton, Michigan. It is one of the most extensive schemes of the kind ever undertaken. The people who now contemplate returning to Canada are native French-Canadians and their children, who went to seek work in the forests and mines of Michigan. The lumber industry having become stagnant there, they are now out of employment and under the necessity of removing to some place where other industries prosper. These people commenced to settle there as far back as 1890, and documents have been signed, now in the possession of Father Paradis, by 416 at Lake Linden, 46 at Hancock, 54 at Calumet and 10 at Dollar bay expressing a desire to return to Canada. Two hundred and eighty-one families have left since 1880. Father Paradis has interviewed the C. P. R. authorities, who have promised him reduced rates for the settlers, and he goes to Ottawa to interview the government. "There are fifty thousand Canadians in Michigan," he declared, "who are under the necessity of seeking new homes owing to the changed conditions where they have settled. If the government is willing to assist the majority of them can be brought back to Canada."

### Condensed Dispatches.

Fresno, Cal., Jan. 25.—W. F. Baird, the Madera bank forger, who has been sentenced to eight years' imprisonment, was taken to Folsom this morning to serve his term.

San Francisco, Jan. 25.—The trial of R. H. McDonald, jr., ex-vice-president of the Pacific bank, for perjury, commenced in Judge Murphy's court to-day. John W. Flood, late cashier of the Donoghue-Kelly bank, was arraigned in Judge Wallace's court to-day on two charges of felony for altering the books of the institution. He pleaded not guilty.

Judge Wallace to-day postponed sentence on Louis Steinberg, the convicted deputy registrar, for a week.

San Jose, Jan. 25.—The Maze dry goods store, which has been under attachment for several days, by San Francisco creditors, for $5000, to-day filed a petition of insolvency. Assets $5000; liabilities $2000, mostly in San Francisco.

Middleburg, Jan. 25.—Two members of a sleighing party were instantly killed and five badly injured by a train on the Pennsylvania road this morning. The party were returning from a ride to Sunbury, and the noise made by the sleigh bells prevented their hearing the train.

## PREPARING FOR A FIGHT

All is Excitement and Activity at the Mexican War Department.

This Difficulty Expected in the Invasion of Guatemala—The Programme.

City of Mexico, Jan. 25.—The war department in this city is all active. The entire office forces are working over hours and an unusual spirit of life and animation is seen on every hand. The number of troops already on the frontier is eighteen thousand and several brigades are in readiness to be pushed to the front at a day's notice. Throughout the republic the same activity is noted, and there is no doubt that Mexico could put sixty thousand men on the Guatemalan frontier within a week or ten days should the occasion demand it. The general health and equipment of the Mexican troops in the south are very good, and reports from the probable seat of war are that soldiers and officers are in high spirits and anxious to push forward at the command from headquarters.

It was reported yesterday at Salina Cruz, in the state of Caxaca, that arrangements are being made quickly by the Mexican authorities for a Guatamalan invasion as soon as hostilities are declared. The theory is that the armed corvette Zaragosa, the gunboat Caxaca and all the Mexican gunboats on the Pacific coast will be employed in San Jose, Guatemala, or at some other convenient point. Immediately upon landing the forces will be pushed with all possible speed across the country towards the capital, which is only about five miles from the coast, and where it is naturally expected hard fighting will occur. At the same time the Mexican rural forces will be ready to start for various points on the border now occupied by the Mexican troops and cavalry, sweeping through the country like a whirlwind. The ruralos will aim to clear up things as they go and be on hand and ready to co-operate with the sea forces by the time they have arrived before the city of Guatemala. The artillery and other heavy guns will be shipped by sea, and as the Guatemalans will probably do all in their power to prevent the landing of the Mexican forces it is evident that the artillery mounted on the Mexican ships and that designed for besieging services will be immediately brought into play. In this event, as there are several good landing places along the Guatemalan coast, there will be no difficulty in eluding opposition should it be shown at the regular harbor. The Guatemalan forces are altogether too small to put up a good fight at more than one or two points, and so Mexico will probably have little trouble in gaining a landing.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—Ex-Governor Isaac P. Gray, the present American minister to Mexico, arrived in Washington to-day and visited the department of state. He said he did not think war would be declared between Mexico and Guatemala, but in his opinion the differences between the two countries would be adjusted by peaceful negotiations. Further than to express this opinion rather positively he declined to talk. His reluctance to discuss the subject is being explained by the fair presumption that his presence here is not disconnected with the affair itself. The confidence expressed by Minister Gray that hostilities would be avoided is general in official circles. It seems to be founded more upon the known helpless condition of Guatemala to make any practical show of force against her powerful neighbor than upon any other consideration.

## TO CLOSE THE CENTURY.

Proposal for an International Meeting at Jerusalem.

Philadelphia, Jan. 25.—A joint meeting of the Council of Thirty-six and members of the association, which proposes celebrating the closing of the nineteenth century of the Christian era at Jerusalem by erecting a temple "in honor of the Christ," was held at Carpenter's hall last evening. A memorial to be presented to congress was adopted, reciting that as five years hence will conclude the nineteenth century of the teachings of Christ, it is proper that the nations of the world be invited to appoint commissioners to meet in the city of Jerusalem to close the nineteenth and formally open the twentieth century of the Christian era. The memorial further says:

"And your memorialists further respectfuly suggest that the president of the United States be requested to appoint commissioners to co-operate with those to be appointed by the governors of states and territories, and thus have the United States of America represented in the city of Jerusalem at the time named."

Congress is asked to authorize the president to take the initiative to bring about such an international gathering as would receive the approval of the nations of the earth.

—To-day is the anniversary of the great Scotch bard, and the occasion is to be observed by the St. Andrew's and Caledonian society with a concert and social dance at A. O. U. W. hall to-night. It will no doubt draw a large crowd and prove a most enjoyable affair.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

# NEW LOCAL LEGISLATION.

### Dr. Walkem's Bill Respecting Exemptions Under the Homestead Act.

### Hon. Mr. Davie Introduces a Bill Respecting Retail Liquor Licenses.

Dr. Walkem's bill to amend the homestead act provides that the following personal property shall be exempt from forced seizure or sale by any process at law or in equity, that is to say: a. The bed and bedding in the common use of the judgment debtor and his family, and also his household furniture and effects not exceeding in value the sum of five hundred dollars. b. The necessary and ordinary clothing of the judgment debtor and his family. c. Twelve volumes of books (the books of a professional man), one axe, one saw, one gun, six traps. d. The necessary food for the judgment debtor and his family during sixty days: Provided that such exemption shall only apply to such food and provisions as may be in his possession at the time of seizure. e. Two cows, three oxen, or three horses or mules, four sheep, two pigs, twelve fowls, and the food for the same for sixty days: Provided that such exemption as horses shall only apply in case they are used by the judgment debtor in earning his living. f. The tools, agricultural implements and necessaries used by the judgment debtor in the practice of his trade, profession or occupation to the value of five hundred dollars. g. The articles and furniture necessary to the performance of religious services.

Hon. Mr. Davie yesterday introduced a bill intituled an act respecting retail liquor licenses. It provides that agreements between owners and tenants of licensed premises shall be deemed to contain a covenant on the part of the tenant to obey the laws respecting liquor licenses, and the conviction of the licensee of any offence rendering the license forfeit or forfeitable shall entitle the owner to cancel the tenancy, or from the date of such conviction, and to re-enter and expel the tenant therefrom, any actual covenant for quiet enjoyment or term of the tenancy to the contrary notwithstanding. Where the tenancy of any licensed premises shall terminate by the operation of law or otherwise, the owner of the building or the new tenant, with the consent of the owner, may apply to the licensing board to carry on the business, and such application shall not be considered an application for a new license.

Hereafter when a license or any transfer of license is applied for the licensing authority shall satisfy itself that the premises in respect of which the license or transfer is sought are suitable for carrying on the business, and shall not so grant the license or transfer unless so satisfied. Where the owner of any licensed premises, being himself the licensee, is convicted of any offence which renders the license subject to be forfeited, the license issued to such person as owner may be cancelled, and such owner shall not be entitled to take advantage of the section of the act respecting the issuing of licenses to owners when the license held by the previous holder has been cancelled. The act deals with both new and old licenses.

Mr. Sword has introduced a bill to repeal the pharmacy act and amending acts. If this is passed it will do away with the power now held by the Pharmaceutical association requiring druggists to pass an examination before being allowed to practice in the province and otherwise regulating the profession.

## UP IN KOOTENAY.

### Man Named Roberts Killed by a Snowslide in Slocan.

Nelson Tribune.

A man by the name of Roberts was killed on the 1th inst. by a snowslide at the Ivanhoe mine, in Slocan district. Roberts was of Welsh descent, and for a time lived at Ainsworth, and at the time of his death was foreman at the Ivanhoe. He expected to realize $3000 or $4000 in the spring from mining property he owned in Slocan district.

A Philharmonic society has been founded in Nelson with the following officers: President, George Johnstone; vice-president, Mrs. Goepel; secretary-treasurer, A. M. Johnson; musical director, W. A. Jowett; stage manager, C. St. Barbe; These officers form the committee, together with Mrs. Day and Messrs. Perks and Turner. The society starts with about thirty members, and notice of its first entertainment may be expected shortly.

The new city government of Kaslo is: John Keen, mayor; O. T. Stone, Hamilton Byers, Josiah Fletcher, Alexander Chisholm and John L. Retallack, aldermen. All good men.

## PACIFIC CABLE PROJECT.

### Congressmen Do Not Favor Giving a British Company a Landing Place.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 24.—The senate committee on foreign affairs has authorized a favorable report on Senator Morgan's amendment to the naval appropriations bill, making an appropriation of $110,000 for dredging the Pearl harbor (Hawaii) bar. There was also an informal discussion of the project for the amendment of our treaty with Hawaii, so as to permit the landing of a cable to be built by a British company on one of the Hawaiian islands, but the matter did not appear to commend itself to any of the members of the committee.

Hale of Maine offered an amendment to the diplomatic and consular bill in the senate providing $500,000 for the survey of a cable route connecting the Hawaiian islands with the United States.

## PARKHURST IN CHICAGO.

### Tells the People How to Deal With Corrupt Officials.

Chicago, Jan. 24.—Dr. Parkhurst, of New York, lectured last night upon municipal government to an audience that filled Central Music hall. His address was delivered under the auspices of the Marquette club, and was, in brief, a story of how Tammanny was hunted in New York. He utilized his experience in New York as a fund for suggestions to the members of the club, who propose to undertake in this city some such work as Dr. Parkhurst led in New York. He warned his hearers above all things to do no gunning with blank cartridges. The grand jury got after him for his first sermon, he said. 'My next step was to fill my cartridge box. The grand jury threw down the gauntlet and I picked it up. I accumulated a few facts that I was not obliged to write in quotation marks. Having been trodden down, sneered at, cursed, threatened for stating what I did not know of my own knowledge, I would have entered hell, if need be, to find facts to answer the challenge. I did go into hell, and I got my facts then I got out my little gun on another Sunday and got into my pulpit with cartridges that were not blank cartridges, and they swore at me worse for knowing what I was talking about than they had before for not knowing what I was talking about.'

He told at some length how he worked up his evidence, and closed this part of his address by saying:

"When, finally, the thing had been pushed so far that people began to be ashamed of themselves and each other for living in a city that was governed by a crew of banditti that would have been refused naturalization papers in Gomorrah, they sent up to Albany and obtained an investigation committee, and the whole world knows the result."

## BISHOP IRELAND SUSTAINED.

### Held by the Vatican That Bishop McQuaid Made a Mistake.

Rome, Jan. 24.—The trouble growing out of the attack made upon Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, Minn., by Bishop McQuaid, of Rochester, N. Y., has been the subject of inquiry by the vatican, it having been held by the supporters of the archbishop that the sermon preached by Bishop McQuaid of the Rochester cathedral was subversive of church discipline. In this sermon Bishop McQuaid condemned Archbishop Ireland for what he alleged was improper interference in behalf of the Republican party in the last state elections.

Briefly, the conclusions of the court are that Bishop McQuaid committed a mistake in his sermon and in the reasons he assigned for the necessity of such delivery. Archbishop Ireland is sustained in all the positions he has taken in the matter.

## WAR IS DECLARED.

### Pacific Coast Steamship Company Cutting Rates.

Seattle, Jan. 24.—The Pacific Coast Steamship company yesterday chopped rates on its steamers running between this city and San Francisco, reducing the fare for cabin passengers from $20 to $16 and the steerage from $10 to $8, commencing on February 3rd. This is done in opposition to the steamer Farallon, which sails from Schwabacher's wharf. J. H. Johnson, the company's agent in this city, said yesterday that the fight was to a finish, and if need be his company could afford to carry passengers for nothing for a time. He stated that when his company started in for a fight of this kind money was no object.

The rival steamers, City of Topeka and Chilkat, both left yesterday morning. The Topeka had 31 saloon and 40 steerage passengers and the Chilkat 20 saloon and 12 steerage. This is a very large number for this season of the year, and shows that many took advantage of the big cut. Mr. Johnson said:

"It is probable that on the next Alaska steamer rates will be considerably less than those on the Topeka. As is usual in war rates, no round trip tickets will be sold. At present the rate from Juneau is the same as from Seattle, but the traffic is much lighter."

## CONSERVATIVE VICTORY.

### Col. Long Increases the Majority in South Evesham.

Evesham, England, Jan. 23.—The result of the election yesterday for member of parliament to represent the South Evesham division of Worcestershire in succession to the late Sir Edmund Lechmer, Bart., Conservative, was as follows: Col. Long, Conservative, 4760; F. Impey, Gladstonian, 3585; Conservative majority, 1175. The Conservative majority was increased from 580 to 1175, a gain of 585 votes.

## WINNIPEG'S TURN.

### The Prairie City Visited by Two Disastrous Fires Yesterday.

Winnipeg, Jan. 24.—The Bird block, on Main street, occupied as an office building, was entirely gutted by fire to-night. The firemen had hard work in keeping the flames from the Hochelaga bank and the Union bank adjoining, on the north side. On the south side the Block occupied by J. F. Grundy & Co., music dealers, was damaged, but the stock was removed. The Bird block, owned by J. J. McKerchar & Co., and occupied by the Manitoba Mortgage company; Bannerman & Co., real estate; McMillan & Co., grain; Alexander Smith, immigration. The offices in the new block of Pendergast & Huddart, law; the Credit Foncier, Maxwell & Co., and J. Stewart were damaged by water and smoke. The loss on the Bird building is about $15,000, insured for $8000 in companies represented by R. Strang. The adjoining block is insured for $500, but the loss is not known. It will not exceed $1000. The banks moved the larger part of their books and papers.

The fur store of Joseph Rogers & Co., on Main street, was badly gutted by fire this morning, the stock being almost entirely ruined by water and smoke. The firemen confined the blaze to the interior of the building, which is not seriously damaged. The total loss on the stock is about $25,000. The insurance is carried as follows: Commercial Union, $3000; Phoenix of Hartford $3000, Lancashire $4000, Liverpool and Globe $1500; total, $14,500.

## APPEAL FOR ASSISTANCE.

### Clergymen Ask Outsiders to Relieve the Newfoundlanders.

St. Johns, Nfld., Jan. 24.—The legislature will adjourn to-morrow for a recess of six weeks. The elections will be held in the interim. Arrangements are being completed for the submission to the people of the question of the confederation of Newfoundland with Canada. The newspapers here are filled with letters denouncing the directors of the different banks and the defaulting merchants for bringing ruin on the country and the people. The creditors of Munn & Co., of Harbor Grace, held a meeting in St. Johns last night, and it was shown that the assets of the firm amounted to about 48 cents on the dollar. Another meeting of their creditors will be held to-morrow night, when it is likely that representatives of the firm will make a compromise offer.

The alleged attempt on the part of a number of leading Whitewaytite politicians to prevent arrangements between several firms who are financially embarrassed and their creditors has been defeated by the action of the supreme court.

An appeal from the clergy of this place to the outside world for assistance for the starving people, which was published to-day, says that about a thousand families are now starving in the city and urgently appeals to the sympathy of the charitably inclined.

Cholly Chumpleigh—Yes; gloves are worn in bed at night to make the hands soft.

Miss Coldeal—Indeed. Do you wear nightcaps, Mr. Chumpleigh?—New York Weekly.

Mrs. Houser—How dare you kiss the servant girl before me?

Houser—Excuse me, I have been kissing you off and on for several years. I have just begun with her. I didn't kiss her before you.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

## THEY WANT EVERYTHING.

### United States Would Like to Run Central America.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 24.—Senator Quay offered an amendment to the Nicaraguan canal bill providing that its provisions shall not take effect until the United States shall secure by treaty the right to fortify garrisons at the end of the canal, both on the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, to maintain armed vessels on the lake of Nicaragua and to move military forces through Nicaragua and Costa Rica.


THE BRAND....

Is to the box of matches what the artist's name is to a painting, determining at once its merit and value.

The test of half a century's continued use has proved the true worth of

E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES.

Oshawa, Ont.

Pains in the Joints

Caused by Inflammatory Swelling

A Perfect Cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"It affords me much pleasure to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla. My son was afflicted with great pain in the joints, accompanied with swelling so bad that he could not get up stairs to bed without crawling on hands and knees. I was very anxious about him, and having read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, I determined to try it, and got a half-dozen bottles, four of which entirely cured him." MRS. G. A. LAKE, Oshawa, Ontario.

N. B. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

Popular Approval

is accorded ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI. It strengthens digestion wonderfully.

Allow no imitations to be palmed off on you.

WANTED HELP! Men or women in every locality (local or traveling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked upon trees, fences and telegraph poles; in towns and country. Steady employment. Commission or salary $75.00 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars, write World Medical Electric Co., London, Ont., Can.

RUPTURE

More CURES have been effected by my Truss, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain the most unruly rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. By patented process to overcome DEFORMITY. Illustrated pamphlet free. CHARLES CLUTHE, 134 King St. W., Toronto.

Agents: Langley & Co., Druggists, Victoria, B. C.

GROCERIES.

WASHING MADE EASY

Is the desideratum of all housekeepers. We keep them to it by our unequalled Soaps. A full supply of the following soaps always on hand:—Pendray's, Sunlight, Queen's Laundry Bar, etc., also Albert Toilet Soaps.

R. H. JAMESON,

Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

Xmas Fruit.

CURRANTS AND RAISINS

Just arrived and thoroughly cleaned in our fruit cleaning machine. We guarantee the prices right and quality best at

JOHN'S BROS.,

201 Douglas St., Cor. Kings Road

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government Street, Victoria.

FUEL.

COAL. COAL.

Go to 28 Yates Street for Wellington Coal.

Telephone No. 449.

G. GAWLEY.

To The Public.

Having purchased from Mr. S. F. McIntosh his coal and wood business, I am prepared to deliver to any part of the city.

No. 1 Dry Cordwood $3-50 per cord.

Best Wellington Coal at $7 per ton.

Terms, Spot Cash. Prompt and careful delivery. Full weight and measure guaranteed.

The above will be carried on in connection with my present business at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, which will be known in future as the ROCK BAY COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD.

Soliciting a share of your esteemed patronage, I remain, yours faithfully,

EWEN MORRISON.

Office and yard, end of Rock Bay Bridge. Mills, Sidney, B.C. Telephone 592. nov6-tf

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

# PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

**Two Bills in the Hands of Private Members Given the Six Months Hoist.**

**Debate on the Motion to Receive E. M. Johnson's Petition Adjourned.**

THIRTY-NINTH DAY.

Thursday, Jan. 24.

The speaker took the chair at two o'clock. Prayers by Rev. S. Cleaver.

The petition of the attorney-general re E. M. Johnson was read.

Mr. Sword moved that the petition be received.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the adjournment of the debate on the motion to receive the petition until Monday, by which time, he said, he would be able to lay before the house an exhaustive reply to the petition of a man who had thus far been able to evade the criminal law, and whose petition, he would be able to show, was for the purpose of allowing him to evade further inquiry into his actions.

The debate was adjourned until Monday.

The mining committee's fourth report recommended certain amendments to the mineral act and (a) that the government take into consideration the advisability of providing for the proper inspection, working and ventilation of mineral claims or mines; (b) the advisability of introducing a validating clause to the mineral act applying to mineral claims the title to which may be rendered invalid by proof of some irregularity, such as lapse of free miners' certificates, etc. Received.

Hon. Mr. Davie introduced a bill respecting retail liquor licenses. Read a first time.

Dr. Walkem introduced a bill to amend the homestead act. Read a first time.

Mr. Prentice moved for a return of all correspondence with the Horsefly Hydraulic Mining company, the government agent at Clinton, road superintendent, East Lillooet, and any other person in connection with the building of the road from 108 Mile house to Horsefly, and with the payment of $3000 to said company on account of said road.—(See vote 182, page 119, public accounts to 30th June, 1894.)

Mr. Prentice explained that the reason he asked for the correspondence was because the government had paid the Horsefly company $3000 on account of the road, whereas the contract price was $2900, and all of that had not been paid.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. Sword introduced a bill to repeal the pharmacy act and amending acts.

Mr. Helmcken moved the second reading of the dentistry act amendment bill, the object of which was to extend the power of the society and improve the standing of the profession. The bill gave the society the power to force new arrivals to pass an examination before being allowed to practice in the province. The board of examiners would be increased from three to five members, to be appointed by the lieut.-governor in council.

Mr. Semlin protested against the bill being introduced as a public bill, it being a private one.

The speaker stated that he was merely following a custom. After this session he would give notice that such bills were private.

Read a second time.

On consideration of the report on the county courts bill, Dr. Walkem moved an amendment to empower a judge to maintain or support a judgment debtor.

Mr. Kennedy moved an amendment to the amendment which made it read as follows:

"19. In any attachment or garnishee of any debt due or accruing to a judgment debtor the judge before whom the case is tried is hereby empowered to allow to the judgment debtor such sum or sums of money as the said judge shall deem necessary and sufficient to maintain and support the judgment debtor and any person or persons dependent upon him for support.

Hon. Mr. Pooley considered the principle of the amendment wrong. The homestead act gave the debtor sufficient protection.

Hon. Mr. Davie thought the intention of the amendment was good, being introduced to replace one that had been repealed, as it had been abused. He moved to add to the amendment that "no such allowance should be made if the judgment debtor has any other means of support, and such allowance shall not last for longer than one month."

Mr. Booth moved to further add the words "but in no case shall such sum exceed $40."

The amendment as amended by Mr. Kennedy was adopted, and Hon. Mr. Davie's and Mr. Booth's amendments were added.

Further consideration of the report went over.

The house went into committee on Mr. McPherson's elections regulation bill.

The committee rose without reporting the bill, thus killing it.

On motion for the second reading of the veterinary surgeons bill, introduced by Dr. Walkem, Mr. Cotton thought it went altogether too far. It would, he contended, prevent druggists from selling condition powders.

Dr. Walkem contended that the sale of medicine would not be affected by the bill.

Mr. Forster said it was worse than that, as it would prevent neighbors from consulting with one another over diseases of stock.

Mr. Booth agreed with Mr. Forster. It was time a line was drawn regarding such legislation. He moved to give the bill the six months hoist.

Mr. Kitchen said it would cause great hardship in the country districts, where many farmers who know more about stock than veterinary surgeons would be prevented from treating stock.

The bill was given the six months hoist on a division of 18 to 9.

Mr. Sword moved the second reading of his drainage and dyking bill. Read a second time without discussion.

Mr. Sword moved the second reading of the election regulation bill, which provides that all the votes shall be counted by the returning officer, and not by the deputies. In the rural districts, where very few votes are cast, the present system does away with secrecy. His bill would do away with this. To prevent any tampering with the ballot boxes, both the poll officers and the agents of the candidates will place their seal on them.

Hon. Mr. Martin said he had always been in favor of the system proposed by Mr. Sword. All the votes should be counted at a central office, as when a few votes are counted at a small polling place it does away with secrecy.

Mr. Semlin supported the bill and related his efforts in opposition to the act now on the statute book.

Hon. Mr. Pooley opposed the bill. The present act had been adopted to prevent the ballot boxes from being tampered with during transmission from the station to the central office.

Mr. Hunter said the system proposed in the bill would be troublesome in his district, as it would take, in some cases, two or three days to take the boxes from the polling place to the central office.

Mr. Kennedy thought probably the miners of Comox would like to see the bill passed if Mr. Hunter would not. By the present act the mine owners could tell pretty well how their men voted, while under the bill they would not.

Mr. Mutter thought the bill would improve the act, but he could not support it. He would favor a more comprehensive measure.

Mr. Kitchen pointed out that the act in force worked very badly along the C. P. R., where there were several places at which none but C. P. R. employes voted. The company under the present system could tell how the men voted.

Hon. Mr. Davie, although he had supported the system proposed in the bill some years ago, intended to oppose the system now, as it had been found that the system in force had worked well. He thought the best way would be to abolish the polling places where so few votes were cast that any one could tell how a man voted. As to the C. P. R. employes, he had found that they were divided, some voting for the government and some for the opposition.

Dr. Walkem, with a view of letting Mr. Sword know how it was to have a bill killed, moved to give it the six months hoist. It might be explained that the doctor had just previously lost his first bill.

The bill was given the six months hoist.

Mr. Kitchen continued the debate on Mr. Braden's motion re Samuel Greer's claim. He thought if anything was done it should be done by the government.

The resolution was lost on the following division:

Ayes—Messrs. Davie, Eberts, Rithet, Rogers, Hunter, Adams, Booth, Braden, Walkem, McGregor, Kelie, Helmcken, Smith—13.

Noes—Messrs. Pooley, Baker, Martin, Mutter, Sword, Graham, McPherson, Forster, Hume, Cotton, Kennedy, Semlin, Williams, Kitchen—14.

Mr. Kennedy moved the second reading of the Sunday observance bill. He spoke at some length in favor of the bill, contending that the argument that the bill was an interference with a man's liberty was not a good one. He thought something should be done to prevent the desecration of Sunday. He gave the Sunday morning papers a scoring, thinking they could be done without in fact, the news published was not of a class to prepare a man to observe the day. Sunday excursions he also thought should be stopped.

Mr. Irving rose to a point of order, holding that the bill was contrary to the B. N. A. act, as it proposed to interfere with trade and commerce by preventing steamships and railroads from running. The Dominion government alone could legislate on such matters.

Mr. Kennedy said the bill was taken from the Ontario act.

Mr. Semlin did not think that the bill conflicted with the B. N. A. act.

Dr. Walkem, although he intended to vote against the bill, thought it was in order.

Mr. Irving contended that the bill would interfere with the regular steamers which run between Victoria and American cities, which the legislature did not have the power to do.

The speaker reserved his decision.

Hon. Mr. Davie said a return could be furnished of the law stamps sold at the different registry offices, as a separate account was not kept.

The house adjourned at 6 o'clock.

---

You'd better go away. We've go the measles here, said the woman at the kitchen door.

"Madam," replied the tramp, seating himself on the step with great deliberation, "the only disease I am afraid of is appendicitis. I shall be obliged to ask you, madam," he added, with dignity, "not to give me any cherry pie."—Chicago Tribune.

---

**Poor Digestion**

Leads to nervousness, fretfulness, peevishness, chronic dyspepsia and great misery. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the remedy. It tones the stomach, creates an appetite, and gives a relish to food. It makes pure blood and gives healthy action to all the organs of the body. Take Hood's for Hood's Sarsaparilla CURES.

HOOD'S PILLS become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. 25c.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

# PETITION OF E. M. JOHNSON

**He Asks for a Full Enquiry Into Certain Actions of the Attorney-General.**

**Full Text of the Petition as Read Before the Legislature Yesterday.**

The petition of E. M. Johnson, read in the legislature yesterday afternoon, a reply to which will be given on Monday by Hon. Mr. Davie, is as follows:

Victoria, British Columbia,
December 15th, 1894.

To the Honorable the Speaker and the Members of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, in Parliament Assembled:

This is the humble petition of me, Edward Mainwaring Johnson, of the city of Victoria in the province of British Columbia, land agent, and I hereby ask that proper and effectual proceedings may be forthwith taken to protect me from unjustifiable persecution by the Honorable Theodore Davie, attorney-general of the said province.

In support of my petition I say that I have been resident in the said city and province nearly eighteen years. About five years ago in a certain civil action in the Supreme Court of the said province commonly known as "The Grays v. McCallum" in which the said attorney-general acted as counsel for the defendant, I was a witness for the plaintiffs and was kept under cross-examination by the said counsel for a period of nearly four days without result as to breaking down my testimony, and the said counsel, taking cover under his position and in the most cruel and cowardly way questioned me upon events which had transpired about twenty-one years ago, which had no bearing in any way upon the issue of the pending suit, and could only have been intended to be the means of making public charges which would do and cause me and my business and my family permanent injury and disgrace. On being asked these questions I retorted by alluding to the former life and character of the said counsel, being goaded thereto by the treatment to which I had been subjected. In the same civil suit, at the instigation of the said attorney-general, I was charged with conspiracy and damages claimed against me of $20,000.

A special jury, after a trial lasting about sixteen days, declined to find any justification for the charge of conspiracy, or in any way to assess any damages against me, and I received the personal sympathy of the jury for the manner in which I had been treated by the said attorney-general at the said trial.

Not content with the result of the proceedings, and a short time after the termination of the last mentioned civil suit, in face of the finding of the said special jury, the counsel for the defendant, the said attorney general acting then in his public and official capacity for the province of British Columbia, without notice or warning to me, or preliminary inquiry of any kind, procured my arrest on a special warrant obtained on his sole representation, placed me in jail, caused me to be submitted to every indignity, including a search of my pockets, and locked me up in a prison where I was detained until I could obtain bail. When I was released on bail, the said attorney-general, although he knew I was represented by counsel, again arrested me and made me parade the streets of the city accompanied by a constable in uniform, and I was obliged to obtain bail a second time.

The course pursued by the said attorney-general is one which is only resorted to in cases of desperate criminals who are an immediate cause of danger and menace to society, and if the usual preliminary investigation in cases of a like nature had been made as far as I was concerned, the said attorney-general would have been unable to use his office to treat me in the dastardly way he did. The whole of the proceedings as to my arrest and imprisonment were cruel and cowardly, out of the usual manner of the administration of justice and altogether unjustifiable and unnecessary.

In addition to these proceedings, instead of being ready to go on with the trial of the charges, I was, on the application of the said attorney-general remanded from time to time, and it was over twelve months from the time of the initiatory proceedings until the matter was brought to trial.

During that twelve months everything that could be done by a malicious persecution was done by the said attorney-general to me. The proceedings were delayed and delayed, in the hope, I am informed, that my business and prospects would be ruined, and I should be compelled to leave the country. So rancorously were the proceedings conducted that it was only about six hours before the closing of the last available mail to me the information that my counsel could obtain information of the names of the counsel employed by the crown to take evidence on a commission, and I then found that the lawyers I had retained to watch the case for me were those employed by the said attorney-general to act for the crown.

The effect, if I had not been able to thwart this unwarranted and most unfair treatment, would have been that I should have been obliged to go to trial without being able to procure evidence in time to be of any use, and in consequence I should no doubt have been, in accordance with the wish and endeavor of the said attorney-general, imprisoned, ruined financially and socially, and my children for ever disgraced and ostracised.

The country has been put to a large expense, as appears by the public accounts, in carrying out the design of the said attorney-general; nevertheless, when delay could be no longer obtained and the cases came on for trial, they were an utter and ignominious failure, and the attorney-general was, in accordance with the instructions of the late Chief Justice, the then presiding judge, obliged to enter a nolle prosequi and discontinue and abandon the proceedings.

It is needless to say that I have been put to much expense, none of which can I recover, and all this I have to this time suffered and borne in silence. The shield of office, so far as the attorney-general is concerned, has, in the present state of the law, been a bar to any redress for me.

Not content with what he has already done, the said attorney-general has again, without notice to me or consent on my part, procured me to be joined with others as party defendant in a civil suit commenced against N. Fitzstubbs, gold commissioner for the district of West Kootenay, by H. Cooley and others. I am made use of at what will be to me considerable expense for legal services, to uphold a certain lease dated the 10th day of June, A.D. 1892, granted by the said Fitzstubbs on the advice and with the approval of the said attorney-general (to me among others) for the term of twenty years of one and a-half miles of the bed of McCulloch Creek, in the Big Bend Kootenay district aforesaid, by 500 feet wide on each side of the centre of said creek, and which lease, made under the Placer Mines Act, 1891, and the term and purposes thereof are ultra vires of the crown or the said gold commissioner. The granting of the said lease has deprived me of my rights under a previously existing grant from the crown and so placed me in the power of the person for whom the said attorney-general is acting as counsel, that I have been obliged for self-protection to dissolve the partnership and wind up the business of the Ophir Bedrock Flume Company registered the late grantees or owners of the property later ultra included in the said unlawful lease.

I am unaware how long the said Fitzstubbs proceedings will continue and can form no idea of the costs thereof, except that I am informed as the attorney-general is acting in his official capacity for the said gold commissioner and in his private capacity for A. E. McCallum, one of the defendants, I can in no case recover costs I may incur.

In view of what I have stated I beg that all correspondence, reports, applications, grants, leases or other papers or writings in possession of the government of the said province or any member thereof, or under their or any of their control in any way relating to McCulloch Creek, Big Bend Kootenay district, for an area extending one and a-half miles in length following the bed of said creek from a point near the canyon at the mouth of said creek, and 500 feet wide on each side from the centre line of said creek, and in any way included in any grant or lease, may be brought down to the members of your honorable assembly, and that this my petition be referred to a committee thereof with power to administer oaths and call for persons and papers, and that I may have such redress and protection as after due inquiry and report you may, in your wise discretion, deem necessary or expedient in the premises.

And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will ever pray, etc.

E. M. JOHNSON.

PETITION OF MR. E. M. JOHNSON.

To the Editor: In the Colonist parliamentary proceedings I read that on presentation of my petition Mr. Davie is reported as follows:

Hon. Mr. Davie.—I beg to move the adjournment of this debate until Monday next, when I will be prepared to make an exhaustive reply to this petition of a man who has hitherto successfully evaded the law, and whose petition I think I will be able to show is merely for the purpose of enabling him to evade further inquiry into his acts before the proper tribunals.

One of two things is apparent from the first part of the statement. Either the man alluded to is unassailable, and the law knows of no infraction on his part, or he is an exceedingly clever person. As to the latter part of the remarks, the petition speaks for itself—it asks for full inquiry and report,—and I have no hesitation in saying Mr. Davie's strictures are untrue. At the outset of what promises to be an interesting inquiry I regret exceedingly to have to call public attention to this. Twice before Mr. Davie has used the shield of his position to defame me. I cannot now think that he will do other than use his position in parliament for the same purpose. I ask for an inquiry into the granting of a certain lease of land at McCulloch Creek and production of all the papers and for protection from annoyance and cost of law proceedings instituted by Mr. Davie. In this I am making use of no personal abuse or vituperation of any one.

If Mr. Davie wishes to state anything with reference to me let him be a man,—not a coward—not strike from behind a wall, but come out openly on a public platform. I will pay for the hall and hold him harmless from all penalties for libel or slander; let him to do the same with me. We will then discuss careers for the last twenty-five years. I wish no personality or abuse, and I am prepared for and hope that a just report of a parliamentary committee may show how matters stand as to the suit to which I have just been made a party by the action of the attorney-general.

All this rancour between the attorney-general and myself is much like the stone-throwers and the frogs in any event, fun for the boys but death to the frogs.

E. M. JOHNSON.

Victoria, January 25th, 1895.

---

Mrs. Norris—I didn't say that. You don't understand me!

Mr. Norris—I may not be brilliant, my dear, but I have ears!

Mrs. Norris—So has any other donkey.—Brooklyn Life.

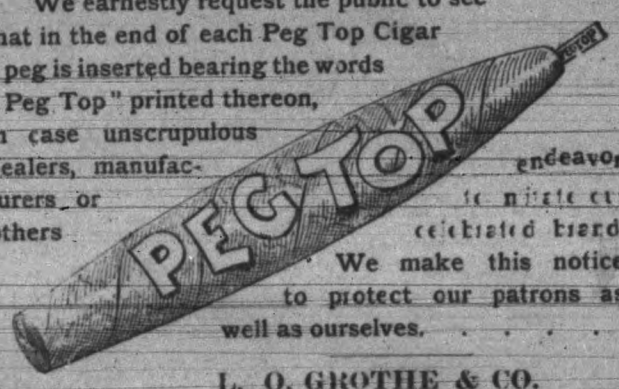
TO WARM UP AND KEEP WARM

Drink a Cup of Johnston's Fluid Beef

A Healthful, Stimulating AND Vitalizing Beverage.

**Warning to the Public.**

We earnestly request the public to see that in the end of each Peg Top Cigar a peg is inserted bearing the words "Peg Top" printed thereon, in case unscrupulous dealers, manufacturers or others endeavor to injure our celebrated brand. We make this notice to protect our patrons as well as ourselves. . . . . .




L. O. GROTHE & CO.

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House

Just Received

2 Cases More of those heavy double-width Serges

At 25c. a yard, the best materials in the market for Children's School Dresses, Ladies' House Wrappers, etc.

1 Case of Butcher's Linen

50 inches wide, 25c. a yard

1 Case Ladies' Cashmere Hose

25c. a pair.

20 doz. more Children's Handkerchiefs

25c. a dozen.

J. Horner & Co.

For Sale or Rent.

"WINTERBOURNE RISE," the residence of the late Sir M. B. Begbie. For further particulars apply to

tf LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

STALE ADS. ARE AS BAD AS STALE NEWS. NONE HERE.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON.
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

MUSICAL.

PROF. BRADLEY, Organist and Choirmaster of the R. E. Church, receives pupils for Organ, Piano, Singing and Cello lessons; he also undertakes the training of choirs and choral societies. Address: 104 Pandora Street. jr-1m

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets, Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are certain to find it the home.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 5935, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month, Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., R. C. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fort-street. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
LOF. CB BROWN, Secretary.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday of every month, at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Plumbers. Dealers in best descriptions of Plumbing and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 132

Coltart & Eteson
BROKERS
Notaries Public, Shipping and Insurance Agents. Loans Negotiated.
72 GOVERNMENT STREET.

SIMEON DUCK. THOS. T. HULL.
S. DUCK & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,
House, Land and Commission Agents. Account sales promptly settled. Cash advanced on goods for absolute sale.
Duck Building, 58 Broad street, Victoria.

JEWELERS, ETC.

W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.
Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years.
Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street.
VICTORIA, B. C.


MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

## B. C. Benevolent Society.

The Annual General Meeting of the above society will be held at Pioneer Hall, Broad Street, on Monday, the 28th January, instant, at 2 o'clock p.m.

A full attendance of both lady and gentleman subscribers is politely requested. 22-1d

## Vancouver Island Building Society.

THE ELEVENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad street, on Saturday, January 26th, at 8 p.m., for the purpose of receiving the reports of the Board of Directors and Secretary, and the Balance Sheet and Statements of the Secretary and Treasurer for the year ending 31st December, 1894; for the Election of Officers and Board of Management for the ensuing year; for holding the 79th Drawing for an appropriation, and the transaction of such business as may be brought before the meeting.

By order,
B. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.
j19-1d


MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—SALOON KEEPER or party with money to interest themselves in a new and taking enterprise in Victoria, B. C., requiring about $1,500 to $2,000 cash, giving immediate and good returns. Address for three days, "Music," care of Koeller & Chase, music store, Oakland, Cal. jan18-7d

OKELL & MORRIS are selling 2-lb glass jars of Pure Strawberry Jam for 35c. See your grocer.

ASK YOUR GROCER for 2-lb glass jar of Pure Raspberry Jam put up by Okell & Morris. Only 35c.

CHEAPEST AND BEST JAM in the city is Okell & Morris' 2-lb glass jar for 35c.

MASTERS OF SEALING SCHOONERS—Good cook open to engagement. Apply "E," 5 Green street, city.

OKELL & MORRIS' Jam once tasted will be always eaten.

OKELL & MORRIS had ten diplomas and two gold medals for purity and excellence of jams.

DELICIOUS HOME MADE BREAD delivered fresh daily, by Domestic Bakery, 30 Broad street. d31-3m

HOW TO SAVE MONEY—Join the Dominion Building and Loan Association, and for every sixty cents deposited each month you get $100 in eight years. A. W. Gore & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY for any man. $600 will buy a business; bona fide reasons for selling. Address "Cash," Times office. j23-6t

FOR SALE—A medium sized American safe. Apply F., Times office. j19-tf

TENDERS WANTED.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to Saturday, the 26th inst., for clearing land on the Saanich West Road, about six miles from the city. Further particulars by applying to A. R. Ryskine. jan21-td

PHIL. R. SMITH,
Book Binder, Paper Ruler,
& Manufacturing Stationer
32 LANGLEY STREET.


# The Daily Times.

## IN DUE TIME.

The Colonist must be in a rare state of desperation when it seeks to make a point out of the fact that the speech delivered by Mr. Laurier in Montreal on Tuesday last has not yet been reported in the Times. To this end it ignores the fact that reports of that speech could not possibly have reached here by this time, and it was well aware that to have a full report telegraphed would be an extremely expensive business. Our neighbor might better have refrained from its little exhibition of hypocrisy, which cannot possibly do its cause any good; and we suggest that it should endeavor to keep its sore feelings from running away with its reason. The report of Mr. Laurier's speech will appear in the Times in due season—quite too soon, indeed, for the peace of mind of the boodle organ and its friends. In the meantime it is quite useless for the organ to try to impose on the people with partizan misrepresentations of Mr. Laurier's position; that is too stale a dodge to have any prospect of success at the present day. Our neighbor should keep in mind the idea of Eliphaz the Temanite, that the wise man does not care to "fill his belly with the east wind." The sort of pabulum the organ likes to offer is even thinner than that unsatisfactory article of diet.

## FEED THE HUNGRY.

If the Salvation Army mean to do business this winter, its "food and shelter" scheme should be hurried up. If there are any hungry men now—and every person knows that there are many—next month or next spring will be too late to feed them. Some of them will probably steal what they want before that time. Mr. William Wilson took this matter in hand and procured subscriptions, to what amount the Times does not know, but there ought to be no difficulty in immediately starting the scheme on its mission of mercy. Let the mayor and council come to the support of Adjutant Archibald and guarantee him against loss. That energetic philanthropist, thus backed, would have a free lunch ready for the hungry within a few hours of the time that he was authorized to go ahead. There is too much apathy in this matter—too much procrastination. We know something about the urgency of the situation, and would earnestly recommend some energetic alderman to place himself at the head of a movement for the relief, temporarily, of the distressed, which work could ultimately be left in the hands of the Salvation Army, to be managed on the principle that breakfast would as surely follow work as grace precedes the eating of dinner in the comfortable homes of affluent aldermen. What can be done to-day should not be put off until to-morrow. In this matter there is a danger of the city becoming disgraced for the want of a man to show the way. The whole expense to the city need not exceed one thousand dollars, while the result would be that no person need go for one day unfed, while the charitably inclined would be relieved of a great burden and saved from frequent impositions.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

Some days ago the Colonist severely lectured a gentleman whom it designated "the Vancouver liar," for having sent to eastern papers outrageously false and exaggerated accounts of the late floods. This too enterprising individual was told that he was "a fool as well as a liar," and also that he was "a mendacious idiot." Now comes the Colonist's Vancouver fellow organ with this information: "But it may be of interest to an incensed public to know that had the Colonist made proper inquiry in this instance it would have ascertained that the person to whom it applies the harsh epithets which it employs is very closely connected with its own staff, having sent from this city the telegrams which caused it to characterize its own correspondent 'a fool as well as a liar.'" How does the World know that the Colonist did not so inquire and ascertain the truth, and that its severe lecture was not wittingly addressed to one of its own employees for the benefit of the public at large? The World evidently does not quite realize to what heigths of patriotism its Victoria confrere can attain.

Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, during his recent tour of the Pacific Coast cities, made note of the fact that considerable discontent existed among the people, and it is understood that upon his return to Ottawa he caused an order to be issued from headquarters directing all Tory papers to expend every effort in an attempt to raise the depressed spirits of the people. He suggested that they should at once commence the publication of catchy songs (both music and words) which would, it was assumed, have a tendency to divert the attention of the people from their lamentable condition under the beneficent policy of protection. We notice that certain Tory papers have already adopted the suggestion and are publishing songs daily, but we are inclined to think that the people of Canada are to-day in little mood to hearken to toneful ditties ground from boodle organs. It is known that Messrs. McGreevy and Connolly are at work upon a new song which they think will speedily become very popular, entitled: "Dear Little Kidneys, How Convenient You Are." Sir Hibbert and his accessories in boodle operations may "fiddle while Rome is burning," but they must fiddle alone. The people just now are busily engaged in work and prayer for a Liberal victory at the approaching elections.

## MR. PLANTA'S ESTATE.

### The Attorney-General Takes Out a Restraining Injunction.

The Planta investigation case took a new turn to-day. The Atorney-General issued a writ against J. P. Planta, Colin Campbell Mackenzie, T. R. E. McInnes and W. W. B. McInnes, claiming an injunction restraining the defendants from in any way interfering with the estate of the defendant Planta. After the issue of the writ Mr. E. V. Bodwell applied to Mr. Justice Crease for an injunction. On the application he read the affidavit of Deputy Attorney-General Smith, who states amongst other things that the defendant Planta was, on the 12th day of November, 1890, appointed official administrator for the county court district of Nanaimo and since that time in his official capacity as administrator has received various sums of money from time to time; that he believes that upon investigation it will be found that there is a shortage in Planta's accounts as administrator. The application then sets out that an investigation has been going on by virtue of the Public Enquiries Act with reference to the conduct of Planta as police magistrate for Nanaimo and also as a justice of the peace, and it was the intention of the crown to extend the commission so that it would include an inquiry into the acts of Planta as official administrator, but during the inquiry Planta had absconded and went to Seattle; that a warrant was issued on the 19th instant for Planta's arrest on a charge of misappropriating public funds and Mr. Hussey has gone to Seattle for the purpose of taking him in charge; that on the 15th instant Planta assigned all his estate to the defendant Mackenzie for the benefit of his creditors and the firm of McInnes & McInnes are the solicitors for the assignee and generally in the connection of all matters relating to the defendant Planta; that he believes Mackenzie and his solicitors will unduly prejudice the rights of the crown by improperly disposing of Planta's property.

On this material Mr. Justice Crease made the injunction order as asked, and appointed Marshall Bray of Nanaimo receiver of the estate.

## PERSONAL.

F. C. Davidge left last night for Portland.

James Dick left for Glasgow this morning.

Justice Walkem returned from the Mainland last night.

Secretary White, of the Columbia Methodist College, is in the city.

Mrs. Watson, Saanichton; Wm. Meklee, Ladner's, are guests at the Oriental.

Henry Sharpe and wife left by the Canadian Pacific for England this morning.

J. S. Proctor, St. Paul; A. D. Blowers, Couperville, Wash., are guests at the Victoria.

W. J. Sutton leaves to-night for Houghton, Mich. He will journey east over the C. P. R.

Mrs. Emma Petherick left last night for the City of Mexico. She will travel by the Northern Pacific, Southern Pacific, and Mexican Central.


Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.


## BRIEF LOCALS.

### Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Far West lodge, K. of P., hold their regular meeting to-night, when important matters come up for consideration.

—A dispatch to the Times from Seattle says: "Superintendent Hussey is here. He will leave to-morrow at 10.15 o'clock with Planta."

—At the next meeting of the Single Tax club on Wednesday night Mr. W. Berridge will deliver a lecture. A winter programme is being prepared by the committee.

—Friday is not a lucky day to go to sea, and so no sealers went out. It is not likely that any more sealers will leave until the beginning of next week. There are sixteen sealers left in port, but the end of next week will probably see all at sea.

—The sewerage commissioners met this morning, with Messrs. Pearse and Higgins in attendance. Beyond passing a few accounts nothing was done. The report from the city engineer giving a comparative statement of the cost of day and contract labor on the sewers, was ready, but it was not formally presented to the board. It will very likely be given out at the next meeting.

—The food and shelter depot of the Salvation Army will probably come up for consideration before the city council at the next meeting of that body on Monday night. Adjutant Archibald of the Army has succeeded in collecting about $400 from the citizens, and it is likely he will be able to get $500 altogether. Should the city council give $500, the provincial government, it is thought, would the more readily give $500. These collective sums would be sufficient to start the depot.

—At the meeting of the city council on Monday night the suggestions as to amendments in the municipal act will be gone into. At last evening's meeting Ald. Cameron raised a point as to the changes suggested by the old council, saying that he did not believe that they should be binding on the new council if the members did not subscribe to them. Ald. McMillan stated that if they were already placed before the legislature it was beyond their power to do anything. The proposed amendments as division of wards and others already mentioned will be gone into on Monday evening as stated.

—Frederick Marsh, the young man who stole some clothing from the Brunswick hotel, appeared in the police court this morning for sentence, he having pleaded guilty yesterday. The court ordered him imprisoned for six months with hard labor. No one can fail to sympathize with Marsh. He is nice looking, finely built English lad, but nineteen years of age. He came here in a sailing vessel, upon which he was apprenticed, but did not like the sea, and ran away on the first favorable opportunity. He is not a criminal, and it would very likely take but little to put him on the right track. Want, the police believe, drove him to the crime.

—The time for receiving plans for the new filter beds at Elk lake will be up on Monday next. A large number are likely to compete, and it is expected the city will receive some very valuable suggestions from the representatives of different schools as to the best way to deal with the question. Engineers from Vancouver and other places have been in the city looking over the ground, and as there are many in the province who have studied water systems in different parts of the world there is little doubt in the minds of many that the city is going to get good value for its money, especially if good men are selected to judge the plans. That is to say, men who possess not only the necessary scientific knowledge, but who have also a thorough acquaintance with local conditions.

"What's all the excitement?" asked the tourist.

"They're lynchin' the groceryman," said Rubberneck Bill. "Gang o' the boys had a little railroad speculation on hand and he sold 'em axle grease an' sawdust for dynamite. Cheatin' don't go here, pooner."—Cincinnati Tribune.

The Young Lady Authoress—I have got such a lovely name for my forthcoming novel!

Her Friend—What is the novel about?

The Young Lady Authoress—Oh, I have not decided that yet.—Chicago Record.

Wagon makers like to have hickory timber cut in winter and peeled. While it is seasoning keep it off the ground.

The citizens of Nagasaki have presented Professor Kitasato with a beautiful gold cup in honor of his discovery of the bacillus of the plague.

## HOME NO MORE.

I.

Home no more home to me, whither must I wander?
Hunger my driver, I go where I must,
Cold blows the winter wind over hill and heather,
Thick drives the rain, and my roof is in dust.
Loved of wise men was the shade of my roof-tree,
The true word of welcome was spoken in the door—
Dear days of old, with the faces in the firelight,
Kind folks of old, you come again no more.

II.

Home was home then, my dear, full of kindly faces,
Home was home then, my dear, happy the child,
Fire and the windows bright glittered on the moorland;
Song, toneful song, built a palace in the wind.
Now, when day dawns on the brow of the moorland,
Lone stands the house, and the chimney-stone is cold.
Lone let it stand, now the friends are all departed,
The kind hearts, the true hearts, that loved the place of old.

III.

Spring shall come, come again, calling up the moorfowl,
Spring shall bring the sun and rain, bring the bees and flowers;
Red shall the heather bloom over hill and valley,
Soft flow the stream through the even-flowing hours;
Fair the day shine as it shone on my childhood—
Fair shine the day on the house with open door;
Birds come and cry there and titter in the chimney—
But I go for ever and come again no more.

—Robert Louis Stevenson (written a short time before his death.)

## GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

### Great Progress Made in This Line in Recent Years.

The manufacture of glass has progressed so rapidly in the last twelve years that it may now pertinently be asked, what cannot be done with glass? M. J. Henrivaux, a prominent French manufacturer of this article, an original and enthusiastic inventor, has recently proved to us, by means of a veritable museum of curious samples, that everything is becoming possible to the modern glassmaker. Even conducting pipes of large diameter have been made of it, tiles, drains, tubes, curtains, furniture, chimneys, and even houses.

Glass is blown mechanically. M. L. Appert, vice-president of the Society of Civil Engineers, some years ago, substituted for the human breath an injection of compressed air. This was a great advance in the perfecting of glass making. The work of blowing was painful and injurious to the health of the workmen; to-day it is the machine which blows; the lungs rest. And as this machine has the breath of a giant, it has become very easy to manufacture objects of great size. The industry has been still further revolutionized by methodical molding. This was formerly done by placing the glass, which has been made plastic by heat, between two metallic surfaces. But these surfaces cooled so quickly, and the glass with them, that it was impossible to obtain large pieces. M. Appert went resolutely to work to find some way of molding while the glass was in a malliable condition, so that large pieces could be made. At a short distance from the melting oven is fixed a post, to which a vertical mold is attached, which opens in two or three pieces on hinges. This mold is of a very thick cast iron and retains the heat. A vertical core moved by a machine crosses the mold from side to side. The melted glass is poured into this mold in suitable quantities. The core is turned rapidly. The glass is driven against the walls of the mold and takes the impressions. Several molds are grouped and form a battery. If pipes are to be molded, a length of two metres is given to each one; the battery is comprised of eight molds and cores; these easily perform fifteen operations an hour and produce 30 metres of pipes, which, with the waste, gives a production of 500 metres a day. By this method glass pipes are produced which rival those of sandstone and even of cast iron, and which have the advantage of not being affected by the soil. The resistance of glass is very great. Glass slabs can very easily support carriages of great weight, and champagne bottles are veritable explosive machines, charged with a pressure of 25 atmospheres. For certain experiments in physics gas with a pressure of 100 atmospheres has been sometimes placed in glass tubes.

H. Henrivaux hopes to have a house made entirely of glass as one of the sights of the next exposition. The walls will be constructed of an iron skeleton, on which will be placed slabs of glass in such a manner as to form a double wall, in the interior of which hot air will be circulated in winter, and in summer compressed air, which will cool the walls. The roof will be of glass on a network of iron, and also the walls, the staircases, etc. As glass lends itself readily to all kinds of decorations, brick, marble, etc., can be imitated.

Flat surfaces are now being manufactured which are very pretty. One of the surfaces are shown in relief, various designs obtained at the moment of cooling by the action of a stamping roller. These can be gilded or silvered in various combinations. They are used in decorating walls, ceilings, etc. We will soon even have glass hangings and tapestries. M. Henrivaux draws on glass with an aluminum pencil. The metal remains on the glass, and the designs appear in very soft tones. We may look for to many surprises connected with this material.

Richard Whately was very blunt in his personal thrusts. A young artillery officer, who was allied to him in blood, inquired, "What is the difference between a donkey and an archbishop?" Whatley gave it up and received the following reply: "The one carries the cross behind, and the other before" (referring to the marks of the cross on the back of the domestic ass, and on the apron of an archbishop). "Very good, indeed," said Whately laughing. "And now can you tell me the difference between a donkey and a captain of artillery?" "No, indeed, I cannot," replied the officer. "Nor I either," rejoined Whately.


USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!
It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Sunburn.
Cracks between the Toes.
Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores
Inflammation of all kinds,
Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Erysipelas,
Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.
Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

## BRIEF LOCALS.

**Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.**

—For prices plate glass see Mellor. *

—The annual meeting of the Kaslo and Slocan railway company will be held here on February 15. Officers will be elected and other general business transacted.

—The C. P. R. have decided to stop hotel runners from soliciting on their trains. Representatives of several hotels on the coast make daily trips up the line.

—The best line of cheap dinner sets, etc., can be seen at Weller Bros. An almost unlimited variety of useful and ornamental china and glassware is now displayed.

—This evening Rev. Thomas Baldwin will give one of his short talks on religious matters in the parlor of Calvary Baptist church. The young people are specially invited.

—The Gazette announces that special sittings of the exchequer court of Canada will be held in Victoria on Monday, September 9, and at Vancouver on the 12th of September.

—Thieves steal. No person needs to steal when they can buy clothes from us at such low prices as we are selling at. See our $10 suits worth well, come and see for yourselves, then judge. Cameron the cash clother, 53 Johnson street.

—Victoria Rugby second fifteen play against Corrig College Saturday at Caledonian grounds. The Victoria team is: D. Tuck, full back; W. E. Fisher, A. Crease (captain), J. Byrn, three-quarter backs; H. F. Beamish and Daniers, half backs; F. Duncan, A. Green, K. Macrae, F. Macrae, H. Loveland, J. H. Austin, C. J. Wintour, T. Pooley and Brown, forwards.

—The Victoria Football club and the Wanderers play at Beacon Hill Saturday afternoon. The Victoria team is as follows: H. Petticrew, full back; J. M. Miller, H. B. Haines and J. F. Foulkes, three-quarter backs; L. Cuppage and F. Smith, half-backs G. L. Sidey, P. Hibben, F. Wollaston, H. W. Gordon, J. Fraser, H. F. M. Jones (captain), Q. D. H. Warden, H. F. Hanson and E. A. C. Gibson, forwards.

—Triumph lodge, No. 16, I. O. G. T., held its weekly meeting in Blue Ribbon hall, Esquimalt, last evening. After business was disposed of an interesting programme of reading and vocal and instrumental music was given. The meeting was brightened by the presence of Mr. Morrison, who gave a short address relative to the progress of the order. All are cordially invited to attend the free concert on Saturday evening in Temperance hall, Pandora street.

—The Union and Comox district hospital has been incorporated under the Benevolent Societies act. The first officers and directors are: F. D. Little, president; James Abrams, vice-president; Dr. Lawrence, treasurer; J. B. McLean, secretary; Andrew McKnight, Joseph McPhee, G. W. Clinton, William Mitchell and Wm. Duncan, together with the two government appointees, who shall hold office for the first three months, or until their successors are appointed.

—A surprise party, nearly two hundred strong, headed by the fife and drum band of St. Saviour's church, Victoria West, invaded the Work Point barracks last night. The men were very kindly given extended time by the officers, and all adjourned to the racquet court, where everybody had an enjoyable time. A good musical programme was rendered and dancing was enjoyed. Refreshments were provided as well. The party was gotten up by Mr. and Mrs. Crocker and Mrs. Furnival, who arranged every detail and carried their plans to a successful conclusion. The quartermaster sergeant extended a warm welcome and Mr. Furnival made a suitable reply. The visitors returned home on a special car at midnight.

—Louis Garesche, a fish dealer, has commenced an action in the superior court against George S. Lat, C. A. Rattray and F. M. Lang, alleging two thousand dollars damages for false representations in sale of property, says the Seattle Post-Intelligencer. He complains that on September 17, 1894, the defendants induced him to buy a half interest in the Lang Fish company, the terms being that he pay one thousand dollars and that Rattray advance a like sum. He claims that in order to induce him to make the purchase they stated that the business was of great value, while in truth it was not worth more than $150, as they well knew. Moreover, it is said that Rattray paid nothing at all for his interest, and that his statement that he would do so was wholly false. Garesche claims to have expended $750 in addition to the purchase price and the loss of three months' time, and he therefore asks two thousand dollars damages.

—Hindes' hair curlers at Fox's. *

—Cuttlery. Sheffield cutlery of all kinds at Fox's, 78 Government St. *

—Ocean Spray Toothwash beautifies the teeth. Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson street. *

—You still need blankets, comforters, etc. See our stock and ask for prices. Weller Bros. *

—Meeting of the rifle association in the drill hall to-night. Annual reports will be received and officers elected.

—A number of members of the Congregational church are considering the question of establishing a branch of that body in this city, and would be pleased to hear from any one in sympathy with the object. Letters may be addressed to Wm. Scowcroft, city hall, Victoria. *

—Mr. William Beswick, of the Globe hotel, Esquimalt, gave a smoking concert to the ship's company of H. M. S. Pheasant last night. The programme was very lengthy and all thoroughly enjoyed themselves. A good supper was prepared and was greatly enjoyed.

—The greatest facilities in the province offered at Monroe Miller's Bindery for Ruling, Blank Books, Pass Books, Receipt Books, etc. As they have not quite eighty per cent. of the whole private work of the province they have any amount of time on their hands to attend to the wants of their customers. *

—A San Francisco dispatch says: W. A. Aldrich, who came from Honolulu concealed in a barkentine several weeks ago, says he and other royalists plotted to blow up Dole, members of the cabinet and troops, with dynamite brought from Vancouver. The plot was told to the government by Claude Wetmore, a newspaper adventurer, who was in the plot.

—The steamer Walla Walla took away from Vancouver on her last trip 1200 tons of freight, the largest cargo the Pacific Coast Steamship Company's steamer has ever taken from there. The bulk of it was Oriental freight, and the reason for the large cargo is the fact that the agreement between the Pacific Mail and Canadian Pacific companies is at an end, and the latter will henceforth invade the former's territory.

—We are informed that Mr. Julius Brethour has presented a site for the erection of a co-operative linseed oil mill at Sidney, provided the necessary capital is raised, and the farmers of Saanich and Sidney are to hold a public meeting at the agricultural hall at Saanich on Monday next, at 2 p.m., to consider the proposition. A good proportion of the capital has been already promised.

—At St. James' Hall last night the "Duchess of Bayswater," a one-act comedietta and "Who's Who?" were put on the boards. A. B. Haines played the part of Jeremy Joles with great credit, and R. W. Hinton made a good Duke of Bayswater; his dual role of valet was also interesting. As a model young bachelor and a millionaire Mr. C. Goffin achieved success. W. A. Cornwall impersonated Sir Jeremy's attendant in an acceptable manner. Mrs. R. W. Hinton was mother to the Duke and her part was well executed. Miss M. Trimen won laurels in the role of Sir Jeremy's daughter, while Miss B. Wolfenden as the housemaid came in for her share of plaudits.

—The annual congregational meeting of the First Presbyterian church was held last evening. Various reports showing the affairs of the church to be in a very prosperous condition, were read. The total receipts from all sources during the year were $5535, the ladies contributing nearly $700 of that sum. Nearly all of the latter sum will be devoted to decreasing the mortgage debt on the church. The sum of $300 was contributed to various mission schemes. The membership of the church is now 207, about 40 joining during the year. Vacancies on the board of managers were filled by the election of the following: J. A. Lake, Dr. John Lang, D. Spragge and D. McPhadden.

—The comedietta "Rum'uns from Rome" was played to a large audience at St. John's school room last night. The production was good. The following is the cast: Chump, a collector of antiques, Mr. H. L. Salmon; Capt. Smith, a would-be collector, Mr. H. Wallis; Chips, another of the same sort, Mr. Kettle; Arabella, Chump's daughter, Mrs. E. A. Pauline; Julius, alias Hercules, Mr. E. A. Pauline; Joe, alias Ajax, Mr. Fred Richardson. The acting of all who took part was much appreciated. The musical portion of the programme was furnished by the following: W. J. Tyriss, Fred Richardson, Ross Monro, Russell, Mrs. E. A. Pauline and Mrs. G. C. Mesher.

—George I. Sargent, secretary of the Oregon State Board of Horticulture, has informed Mr. Anderson, statistician of the department of agriculture that the meeting of the Northwest Fruit Growers' Association of British Columbia, Idaho, Washington and Oregon, and the eastern commission merchants as well as the Oregon State Horticultural Society is fixed to take place in Portland on the 6th to the 9th of February. The American Pomological Society will not be able to attend in a body but four or five of the members will be present. A display of fruit is expected, and all those who have good specimens are requested to add to the collection. The railroads have made the following rates for those attending the meetings: full fare to be paid to Portland, and upon presentation of a certificate signed by the secretary of the meeting at the railway stations, a return ticket will be issued at one-fifth fare. A cordial invitation is extended to everybody. In view of the importance of the meeting to fruit growers it is to be hoped that many of our horticul-


Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.



**Sit Now and Avoid Delay**

"Coronas" $4.00 per doz., newest and most beautiful style of photo; better and more suitable than Xmas cards. Skene Lowe, Studio 63 Govt. Street.


turists will attend. Mr. Anderson requests all intending visitors to send in their names to him in order that he may notify Mr. Sargent at an early a date as possible of the probable number who will go from here, so that arrangements may be made for their reception.

—Dr. Findley, late of Findley & Baker has removed to 61 Government street, over Baker's shoe store. *

—You will always find a well assorted stock of brushes, woodenware, enamel ware and crockery at Weller's, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

—The bark Routenbeck, Captain Russell, is due here from Honolulu. She is in ballast and is seeking cargo. The Routenbeck has been here before having been one of the salmon fleet of a year ago.

—In St. John's school room on Feb 5, a concert and entertainment will be given. An interesting programme has been prepared. The ladies will serve refreshments. *

—Deputy U. S. Consul Eure has received a telegram from General Roberts, the U. S. consul, stating that he will be in Victoria next Wednesday. General Roberts is at present in Toronto.

—The Y. M. C. A. football team will play against the Barracks Athletes on Saturday afternoon. They are: Goal, R. L. Lorimer; backs, H. J. Knott and W. Lorimer; half-backs, H. Scott, F. G. Fowkes and T. Cusack; forwards, W. Allan, J. Bland, J. W. Lorimer, G. Tite and W. Spring.

—Ald. Wilson has bulletined notice of his intention to move at the next meeting of the city council "that tenders be called for supplies for the old men's home for the year 1895, the same to be received on or before Monday, the 4th day of February next."

—Frank Le Grand supplied Kokumus, an Indian, with the wherewithal for a "skate," and the two were in the police court this morning to render unto Caesar that which is Caesar's. Le Grand, who is an old offender, was given three months with hard labor for supplying, and the Indian was fined $25 for having the supply in his possession. The former was taken to jail and the latter paid his fine.

—James Woods, the part owner of the sloop Annie seized by Constable Flanegan, has pleaded guilty to three counts of supplying liquor to Indians. The plea was made before Magistrate Macrae in the provincial police court on Thursday afternoon. Sentence reserved. The illicit supplying was done at Nuchatlet on Christmas day. The case of carrying liquor preferred against Charles Spring and James Woods, the owners, has been continued. While the trial was going on the C. P. N. company libelled the Annie for $500 for salvage. The sheriff is now in charge of the sloop and the case is likely to prove interesting.

—W. C. White, Charles Hayward and J. Carpenter, summoned under the new sewers connections by-law, were before Magistrate Macrae this morning. Mr. Hayward said that the house which he had failed to connect was not rented, and being out of use no harm could come of the neglect. He thought it would be unjust to press the matter. The magistrate said he would adjourn the case for a week, and if in the meantime the city authorities saw fit to stay proceedings all well and good, but if not he would have to proceed as the law required. That course being taken in the case of Mr. Hayward, it was decided to do likewise with the other two cases. They were accordingly adjourned until February 1.

—The sewerage commissioners met this forenoon but no business was transacted. The report on day labor vs. contract work in connection with sewerage construction, will be delayed pending a decision in the case of Coughlan & Mayo vs. the city. Should the interpretation of the specifications by the court sustain the claim of the contractors, then there will be a very strong case made out for day labor, for in that event the cost of the sewers made by contract will be greatly in excess of the cost of the Fort street sewer, which was built by Mr. Wilson, the corporation foreman, and a gang of men working by the day. But the fact that the corporation is not bothered by annoying litigation where day labor is employed is also argument in its favor, as in this particular case.

—A Montreal dispatch of Jan. 18 says: "The Governor-General last evening prevented a panic in the grand hall of the Monument National by his prompt action in extinguishing a heap of burning tissue paper on the stage. The occasion was the presentation of historical tableaux in which His Excellency's children took part. The great hall was packed and in handing a number of bouquets from the amateur lady performers on the stage, the conductor dropped the tissue paper covering, which caught fire in the footlights and flared up brightly. For a moment there was considerable excitement but Lord Aberdeen, who was behind the scenes, stepped forward and coolly stamped out the flames amid the tremendous cheers of those present, who, rising in their seats, gave him an ovation."


**Warning to Women.**

Ladies who appreciate the high quality of Priestley's dress goods should make it a point to see that Priestley's name is stamped on every Eve yards. Instances are not unknown where Priestley's trade mark, 'The Varnished Board,' has been used the second time with inferior goods wrapped upon it.



**During January**

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS will be offered to customers by GEO. L. SIMPSON. Sewing Machines, Crockery Glassware, Tinware, Graniteware, all at greatly reduced prices. By order of the Assignee.



**The B. C. Poultry and Commission Company**

. . . ARE SELLING LIVE POULTRY DRESSED TO ORDER . . .

Turkeys, live .....19c. per lb
Turkeys, dressed .....20c. per lb
Geese from.....$1.25 to $1.50 each
Ducks .....$1.25 per pair
Chickens from.....80c. to $1 per pair
Delivered free of charge to any part of the city.

22 1-2 Pandora St., Cor. Broad and Cormorant, Opposite City Market.



**W. J. JEFFREE,**

The Golden Rule Clothing Store,

....HAS REMOVED....

From the Corner of Yates and Government Sts. to

77 GOVERNMENT STREET,

Premises lately occupied by J. Johnston & Co., Booksellers



**LENZ & LEISER,**

Wholesale Dry Goods, Clothing
Gents' Furnishings, Etc.

We carry the Largest Stock in these lines west of Montreal; and are, therefore, able to compete with any house in the trade.


## NANAIMO NEWS.

Goods Stolen at the Recent Fire Found in a Teamster's House.

Nanaimo, Jan. 25.—An unknown informant sent information to Chief of Police Crossan yesterday that if he searched Frank Smith's house he would find a large number of articles alleged to have been stolen at the recent fire on Commercial street. The unknown informant stated that Smith was driving a wagon which he had loaded from one of the burning stores, and drove straight to his residence with it and secreted the things. The police got out the necessary search warrant and found everything as related in the anonymous letter to be substantially correct.

Mr. C. Stevenson, of the Stanley house, recognized the goods as part of his stock, and Smith was placed under arrest.

The assignees of the estate of J. P. Planta are selling up his entire home and disposing of some other property by auction.

Mr. J. Parkin, grocer, has assigned to P. Wollaston, jr., of Victoria, for the benefit of his creditors.

The Reform club has arranged to send delegates to the Liberal convention to be held at Vancouver on Saturday next.

## COMFORT OF ITS GUESTS.

How the C. P. R. Looks After That Feature of Travel.

The following is an extract from an article written by an experienced transcontinental trotter, and which appeared in the New York Sun, December 30th, 1894.

"I wish that some of our transcontinental lines would adopt a little wrinkle that I saw recently on the Canadian Pacific line. It was a mere trifle, but it illustrates the desirability of looking after little things when persons are making a long journey. We were in the heart of the mountainous region, and of course practically cut off from the world for two or three days. It was at a time when there was big news in the world. Soon after we stopped at a station the porter came around with several telegraph sheets fastened together and passed them from passenger to passenger. It was a bulletin of the day's news telegraphed each morning from Montreal, especially to the passengers on the through trains. In a dozen items it gave all the important news in America, Europe and China. We heard the latest war news and knew the situation at Washington in national affairs. It was three days before we reached any large place with newspapers having a satisfactory news service, and you do not know how much we enjoyed that little attention and forethought on the part of the company. I found that at the chief hotels, where the passengers drop off for a day or two to enjoy the scenery, the same system was carried out. Of course when one is travelling he wants to get away from newspapers to some extent, but he is always glad to know what is going on, and by this system he could get everything of importance in three minutes. I wish the American lines used the same care of looking after their patrons. It wouldn't cost much and it would be worth as much as many of the luxuries with which they fairly burden their patrons."

## HE WAS A U. S. CITIZEN.

And Demanded Succor and a Job from the U. S. Consul.

Joseph Rodereus had a bundle on his back and a pipe in his mouth; he laid the bundle down and knocked at the door of the U. S. consul. Acting-Consul Eure asked him in and enquired his business. The reply was laconic:

"I have come to stay; I have been turned out of my lodgings and have nothing to eat. I will leave the package here and you can kindly give me money to get a meal."

Mr. Eure was nonplussed and stood a moment without saying a word.

"Who are you?" he finally asked.

"Why, I'm a U. S. citizen, and when I took out my papers they told me if I ever wanted anything to eat to call on the U. S. consul."

"But," said Mr. Eure, "I can do nothing for you."

"Oh, yes you can, and you have to; I was told so."

The man was positive he was right and would not be otherwise persuaded. Mr. Eure adopted other tactics. He told him to put down his bundle, gave him money for a meal and asked him to call around again. As luck would have it, in the interval, a person called and asked Mr. Eure for a cooper. Rodereus got the job, thanked the consul, and said he would call again if he was out of work.

## SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

### THE RING.

AMONG THE CHAMPIONS.

New York, Jan. 25.—Wm. A. Brady announced yesterday that Steve O'Donnell, Corbett's sparring partner, had agreed to fight Peter Maher next month or any time in March at Coney Island. If Maher declines O'Donnell will agree to fight Peter Jackson. Brady said Corbett never wrote Dick Burge to the effect that he would fight Jackson in the National Sporting Club of London next June. "Corbett will never fight Jackson under the auspices of the National Sporting Club," said Brady. "If Jackson ever hopes to face Corbett in the ring he had better make a match with the champion now, the contest to take place during the same week that Corbett meets Fitz. If he fails to do this he will never get another chance to meet Corbett, as win or lose, the latter retires after his fight with Fitz."

### THE TURF.

CLUB OFFICERS.

New York, Jan. 25.—At a meeting of the Jockey Club yesterday afternoon August Belmont was elected chairman for the present year and Col. Wm. P. Thompson vice-president. Frank K. Sturgis was re-elected treasurer and secretary.

CAME TO TERMS.

Washington, Jan. 25.—The compromise effected at Richmond on Wednesday by which the Old Dominion Jockey Club will suspend racing at the Alexander Island track during February was the stepping stone toward a further compromise between the Old Dominion and the Virginia Jockey clubs and it has been definitely settled that the two clubs will race together on alternate days, beginning March 4th.

# THE CITY'S LIGHT SYSTEM

**Electric Light Committee Presents a Full Report on Cost and Progress of Work.**

**Munroe Miller's Fire Insurance Scheme—A Great Saving Claimed.**

There was a special meeting of the city council last evening with the full board present.

The following letter from Munroe Miller was the first thing read. It was as follows:

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 24, 1895.

To the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Victoria:

Gentlemen:—According to public announcement I see that his worship the mayor has appointed a committee re amendments to the municipalities act. The legislature being in session and there being time to make amendments, as a ratepayer permit me to suggest an amendment which I believe would be productive of good in many ways. My suggestion is as follows: Let the committee apply to the legislature for an amendment to the municipalities act which will authorize the city to issue policies of insurance on all improvements in the city and to charge such premium for same as the exigencies of the time may demand. My reason for putting this forward is that I believe the whole community will be greatly benefitted, because as I am credibly informed, there is in the gross from $60,000 to $100,000 annually shipped out of this place in premiums paid to fire insurance companies, for which sum the great bulk of our citizens receive no benefit whatever. I think it can be shown that more extended insurance can be effected at a less cost to the people, and the profits which the companies annually pocket may be applied to our public works, or in any way deemed necessary at any time.

We have on our assessment roll improvements to the value of $7,140,020, improvements not on the roll, $1,137,800, making value of improvements, $8,277,820; land values, $13,774,365; total value of $22,052,185.

Chief Deasy kindly informs me that in the past eight years we have had 418 fires, involving a loss of $174,912, or an average annual loss of say $25,000; our highest annual loss being $57,560, our lowest $8560. The fire department certainly deserves our thanks for keeping the losses down, but there is another side to this question: What has that department cost annually, and what return do they make for the investment? We find that it is $20,000 per year, for which expenditure we have nothing save that the community knows as a whole that it has done its duty towards the individuals composing the commonwealth. Why should not this department of our city be considered a business venture and so treated? It may easily be done. We know the value of our lands and the improvements thereon, $22,000,000. We know what our average losses have been for eight years, $25,000 per annum. It is beyond the ken of man what rate insurance companies charge. If we may be granted the right to levy a special rate of three cents on the dollar on all our land and improvements, we can place to our credit $660,000, which at 4 per cent. per annum will yield us $26,000—more than what our average annual losses have been. If we may charge an average rate of one per cent. on all improvements $8,277,000, (graded according to risk) we will have $82,770 which added to the interest from the principal sum amounts to $108,770. If we deduct from this the average loss of $25,000, we have the handsome balance of $123,770. Or if we take the largest loss we ever had, $57,560, we have $51,210, which would pay the present running expenses of the fire department and leave $31,000, which is one thousand dollars more than our roads, streets and bridges annually cost. I contend that my plan is advantageous in that it will cover all improvements in our city at a less rate than at present prevailing, as well as receive tribute from a large amount of property which at present yields absolutely nothing towards the maintenance of the city. I have also shown that under the most adverse circumstances it will yield a profit which will defray the expenses of two of the most important departments of our city, and under favorable circumstances, after paying the expenses of those departments leave a balance of nearly $50,000. There is much more that can be said and many comparisons made, but lest I should grow tiresome, permit me to subscribe myself, yours truly. MUNROE MILLER.

Ald. Humphrey moved that the matter be referred to the legislative committee.

Ald. Williams suggested that Mr. Miller should have brought the plan forward when he was in the council.

Ald. McMillan said that any amendments to the municipal act would have to go to the legislature at once.

The motion of Ald. Humphrey was agreed on.

P. A. Paulson of the Sayward Mill Company wrote complaining of the water charges which were particularly hard on manufacturing concerns. He claimed that they were higher here than anywhere else, and suggested that it would be a wise plan to give manufacturing companies water at cost. Referred to the water committee.

Redon & Hartnagle complained of the state of the surface drain and road in front of their hotel. Referred to the street committee.

Applications from J. A. Lem for a position of lamp trimmer and Hinton & Penny asking permission to tender on any extras at the electric light station, were referred to the electric light committee.

The Women's Council applied for a grant of money to be used in alleviating distress among the poor. The mayor said the idea was not to make a new grant but to have the ladies distribute part of the money now placed in the hands of himself. He thought the ladies could make $1 go where he could not get through with two. Nothing was done in the matter.

Thomas Sorby, architect, wrote re the James Bay causeway plans. He reviewed the matter at length and asked that he be made allowance on his taxes.

Ald. Humphrey said that the matter was gone into by the old council and settled.

Ald. Hall wanted to know what had become of the prize money and the mayor said nothing had ever been done with the money.

Ald. McMillan said everything hinged on the statements in the letter and Ald. Humphrey said they were not all true.

After some discussion it was decided to refer the matter to a committee consisting of Ald. Humphrey, McLellan and Hall, it being deemed advisable to have the new council express itself.

The deputation from the Aberdeen committee, consisting of Col. E. G. Prior, J. B. Gordon, A. Maxwell Muir, W. Ridgway Wilson, Lindley Crease, A. W. Jones, H. E. A. Robertson and T. S. Futcher. Mr. Gordon acted as spokesman. He said that the reception cost $822.50 and the ball $1120.85, making a total of $1943.35; the revenue was $750 from the city and receipts from the ball $654, making a total of $1404, and leaving a deficit of $539.35. It had been decided to give a ball by the citizens and committee had simply carried out their wishes. The city would have participated in any benefits.

Col. Prior spoke outlining the public action taken, and explaining the effect upon the attendance by the announcements in regard to the death of the Czar of Russia. He said he could see no reason why the committee should be called upon to pay the money. On the reception they had exceeded the estimate $72 and the ball $22. They had sought to make the ball a popular affair. They could have put the price of tickets up and raised all the money needed.

Mr. Jones said that on a former occasion of a similar nature the council had made up the deficit.

Ald. Wilson wanted to know why the application was made so late and Mr. Gordon explained that they had been endeavoring to raise the money by subscription.

Ald. Williams said that he believed the money could be raised by public subscription and offered to give $25 towards it. Ald. McLellan said that he believed the original grant was a pretty respectable one.

Ald. McMillan suggested that a public meeting might be called to get an expression. The matter had been started in a public way.

Mr. Wilson and Mr. Robertson argued that it was purely a civic matter and Col. Prior pointed out that the old council had promised to favorably recommend the matter to the new council. After some general discussion the deputation withdrew.

Ald. Wilson, chairman of the fire wardens, submitted estimates on the cost of repairing the Yates street engine house. To put the entire house in good shape would cost $1130, and to make the repairs to the drainage and other things strictly necessary, $650. The outlying districts demanded attention and it was a question whether it would be well to expend any money at all. He believed that a new plan for the fire department of the city should be mapped out.

Ald. Partridge said he would be opposed to spending a cent on the Yates street house. He believed it should be sold and a new house built on the electric light station on Yates street. He believed a sufficient sum could be realized to purchase an engine as well.

Ald. McMillan said the outlying districts should be properly protected. He believed a comprehensive plan could be decided on.

Ald. Williams said it would be hardly a good plan to sell now but suggested that the property be leased. The rental would pay interest on an loan floated.

The motion was referred to the fire wardens for report.

The electric light committee presented the following lengthy report:

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 24, 1895.

To His Worship Mayor Teague and the Aldermen of the City of Victoria:

Gentlemen:—We, your electric light committee, beg to report in addition to visiting the works and looking into many matters of detail have held their first meeting, and as business of importance to the public was discussed we take pleasure in laying before you as much information as we can at present secure in reference to this much talked of work.

We also desire to ask if it is the pleasure of the council to allow the present contractor, Mr. Dinsdale, to substitute wood for concrete, as indicated in the evidence taken before your committee as shown in the following report of our meeting.

Respectfully submitted,

EDWARD BRAGG, Chairman.
WILLIAM WILSON,
R. T. WILLIAMS.

Meeting of electric light committee, Jan. 23, 1895. Present: Ald. Bragg, chairman, and Ald. Wilson and Williams; also present the architect and Mr. Robert Dinsdale, contractor.

Mr. Stickles to question by Ald. Bragg—How much more will it take to complete the works? A.—About $3100. This includes Victoria West circuit. The shortage was caused by extra payments made for the lot. The dynamos cost $4000 less than the estimates. The original estimate for the lot was $5000, but it cost $12,300. The estimate on the building was $9000. Had to do so much extra work that was unforeseen.

In reply to Ald. Williams—Victoria West poles are still to be put up. The line work is practically finished.

In answer to Ald. Bragg—Could not see that more than $3100 would be required to complete the work in every particular.

Question by Ald. Wilson—How long have the Hamilton Manufacturing company to run the works? A. Sixty days


## Coughing.

For all the ailments of Throat and Lungs there is no cure so quick and permanent as Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. It is palatable, easy on the most delicate stomach and effective

**Scott's Emulsion**

stimulates the appetite, aids the digestion of other foods, cures Coughs and Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, and gives vital strength besides. It has no equal as nourishment for Babies and Children who do not thrive, and overcomes

**Any Condition of Wasting.**

*Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. Free.*

Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

WHO IS YOUR TAILOR?

## A GHOST

Of a show is all we want to convince you that our stock of suitings is the best yet imported and our prices all strictly within reason. These words stand for a long and interesting story in the way of how to dress well.

**Scotch Tweed Suits from $20.**
**Worsted Suits, $30.**

**J. W. CREIGHTON,**
86 Government Street.

## Bank of British Columbia.

**Savings Bank Department.**

**NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS.**

From 1st January, 1895, and until further notice, the rate of interest allowed on Savings Bank Deposits by this Bank will be three per cent. (3 per cent) per annum.

GEORGE GILLESPIE,
Manager.

Bank of British Columbia,
Victoria, 18th Nov., 1894.

**VICTORIA RICE MILLS**
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

## The Buyer

Who wants Choice Turkeys and Geese at the lowest price will come to THE EASTERN PORK AND PROVISION STORE, No. 13 City Market.

## Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 190 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road.

## Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

**NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.**

**ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C**

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 8:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

TRANSPORTATION.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

**TIME TABLE NO. 24,**
Taking effect Sept. 1st, 1894.

### Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

### New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

### Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

### Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

## NORTHERN PACIFIC
—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

To St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

**THROUGH TICKETS**

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

| SPEED 18 knots | Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON." | | | TONNAGE 1147 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 30 pm | Lv | M f | ...Victoria... | 110 Ar 4 30 pm |
| 11 45 pm | Lv | 36 | Pt. Townsend | 72 Lv 1 30 pm |
| 3 00 am | Lv | 82 | ...Seattle.... | 28 Lv 10 15 am |
| 4 45 am | Ar | 110 | ..*Tacoma.. | 161 Lv 8 00 am |

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

S. S. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent.
Victoria, B.C

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First street, Washington, Portland, Or.

## Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take sleeping car at Seattle through without change. Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east, running Buffet Cars, with bathroom, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, and First and Second Class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to
C. H. WEEKS,
General Agent,
No. 72 Government Street.

F. I. WHITNEY,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

## A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates St.,

Finest and best equipped Hall in the city for Concerts, Balls and Socials. Fine Stage, Large Gallery, Absolutely fireproof, Properly Ventilated, Electric Lights, also Lodge Rooms. Apply Capt. J. D. Warren, 6 Trounce avenue.

TRANSPORTATION.

## ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

**TIME TABLE NO. 23**

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, Jan. 10th, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

| SOUTH BOUND. (Read up.) No. 1 Pass. Daily | STATIONS. | NORTH BOUND. (Read Down.) No. 2 Pass. Daily |
|---|---|---|
| Ar 2.00 p.m. / Lv 12.00 noon | Victoria | Lv 8.00 a.m. / Ar 7.00 p.m. |
| 2.11 / 11.49 | Russ'lin | 7.49 / 7.38 |
| 2.17 / 11.43 | Equimalt | 7.43 / 7.32 |
| 2.22 / 11.38 | Shawnigan | 7.38 / 7.27 |
| 2.32 / 11.28 | Parson's Bridge | 7.28 / 7.17 |
| 2.42 / 11.18 | Cobble Hill | 7.18 / 7.07 |
| 2.52 / 11.08 | Summit | 7.08 / 6.57 |
| 2.57 / 11.03 | Shawnigan Lake | 7.03 / 6.52 |
| 3.05 / 10.55 | Lake | 6.55 / 6.44 |
| 3.15 / 10.45 | Duncan's | 6.45 / 6.34 |
| 3.25 / 10.35 | Kokaih | 6.35 / 6.24 |
| 3.35 / 10.25 | McPherson's | 6.25 / 6.14 |
| 3.45 / 10.15 | Cassidy | 6.15 / 6.04 |
| 3.55 / 10.05 | Wellhouse | 6.05 / 5.54 |
| 4.05 / 9.55 | Chemainus | 5.55 / 5.44 |
| 4.25 / 9.35 | Oyster Bay | 5.35 / 5.24 |
| 4.35 / 9.25 | Oyster Bay Siding | 5.25 / 5.14 |
| 4.45 / 9.15 | Nanaimo | 5.15 / 5.04 |
| Lv 5.00 p.m. / Ar 8.00 a.m. | Wellington | Ar 4.45 / Lv 7.00 a.m. |

**On Saturday and Sunday.**

Return tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return tickets for one and half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No return tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo Stations.

A DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR,
Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

**ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY**

STEAMER JOAN
W. D. OWEN, Master.

**On and after March 22nd, 1893,**

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria. [illegible]

**CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.**

**The Popular and Scenic Route**

## TO THE EAST.

The Great Transcontinental Route from Pacific to Atlantic without change of cars. Through Daily Sleepers to all points east.

UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS to Boston, Montreal, Toronto and St. Paul without change.

**ROYAL : MAIL : STEAMSHIP : LINE**
—TO—

## CHINA AND JAPAN.

The Short Route to the Orient.

For rates and all information apply to—

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria.
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist Passenger Agent. Vancouver, B.C.
cor. Fort and Government Sts.

**The Oceanic Steamship Company**

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, February 16th, 1895, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Alameda—Thursday, February 7, at 8 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.
or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. E. CONNON, Agent, Broad Street, Victoria.
CAPT. WM. WEIR-TER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory

## PACIFIC COAST S.S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 4 P.M.

UMATILLA, - - - JAN 28

R. P. RITHET & CO. Agents.

**BARGAINS AT 97 JOHNSON STREET.**
**SELLING AT COST FOR CASH FOR ONE MONTH.**

**B. Williams & Co.,** Clothiers and Hatters.

after it is complete; one year guarantee after acceptance of work.

Question by Ald. Bragg—There is dissatisfaction about the work How long should it be before the whole work is completed and in running order? A.—About one month.

Question by Ald. Wilson—Have you all the lamps, wire and all the necessary articles here? A.—Yes; everything is here or on the road.

Question by Ald. Bragg—Will the $3100 wire the station and complete all the extras?

Question by Ald. Bragg—Have you all the poles you want? A.—Yes; all the poles are in town. I have used some old poles in places where they were sufficiently good.

Question by Ald. Bragg—Was not first arrangement to lay floor in concrete? Now you require wood. A.—When plans were drawn for concrete we did not expect to get same style of heater, the one sent necessitated the change, and with wooden floor can get at the wiring readily.

Question by Ald. Wilson—What thickness of floor do you propose to lay? A.—One by four inches.

Question by Ald. Williams—When was the extra blasting done, after building was constructed? Could it not have been done before the building was put up? A.—It was caused by extra size of condenser and heater and excessive size of lift; the apparatus received is more efficient, and even if it cost extra to blast out the rock, it is a saving to the city, as the machinery is even better than contracted for.

A complaint was read from six married men of not receiving employment, while single men got the work at higher wages. Q.—Why were these men not employed? A.—I could not run a pole gang and wire men at the same time in the same circuit, it would not be profitable to keep a gang of men waiting for the poles to be put up. Where it took two men all day to dig two holes at $2.50 a day, one man would dig three holes at 25 cents a foot if given by the piece. The line men at $2.50 a day are cheaper than the others at $1 a day. Line men can put a pole up quicker than the hole diggers.

Answer by Mr. Stickles—The men complaining had received $60 each and many men applied, more than could possibly receive work as there was not sufficient work for all; I have at all times given the work to those who needed it most.

Question by Ald. Williams—Will you guarantee to complete the work within a month? A.—Yes; if we do not have much bad weather.

Answer to question by Ald. Wilson—The platform around engine should be of wood; also to question of Ald. Wilson—We cannot dispense with the concrete floor unless we get full value. A.—by Mr. Dinsdale, the contractor—No timbers were specified in the specification as it was intended to anchor the machinery through the cement floor into the rock.

Question by Ald. Bragg—Do I understand that the doing away with the concrete floor is no loss to the city, as extra timbers will make up for the change. A.—Yes.

Question by Ald. Bragg—Will the sum of $3100 cover the whole cost from January 1? A.—Yes.

Question by Ald. Wilson—Did I understand that it is less dangerous to have a wooden floor than concrete? A.—Yes, it would have been absolutely necessary to have the floor dry to avoid shocks, a concrete floor would require expensive rubber mats, and if steam plant came as originally arranged this change would not be necessary, but to economize in fuel necessitated a different arrangement of plant.

Question by Ald. Wilson—Did you not give council estimate for the whole of the work? A.—Yes, and I would have had $3500 over my estimate if lot had not cost $7300 over the estimates given me. In my original estimate I got estimate on all plant and there was no guess about the thing.

Question by Ald. Wilson—I want to ask you a question about fire alarm. Did the party who put it up do his work correct? A.—No; your fire alarm wire is in a bad shape and requires an overhauling. Four or five miles of insulated wire should be purchased to put the system in order. Mr. Deasy has made many complaints as it needs attention.

We recommend that matter contained in this report be adopted, but that one and a half inch floor be substituted instead of the one inch floor.

EDWARD BRAGG,
R. T. WILLIAMS,
WILLIAM WILSON.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 25, 1895.

To the Electric Light Committee, Victoria:

Gentlemen:—As requested by you I have made a careful estimate of the proposed change in the floor of the engine room of the electric power house, and have to report that the wood floor with the necessary dwarf walls, ventilators, etc., and also the heavy sills under the shafting are, as to actual cost, more than equivalent to the concrete floor specified in the contract.

This floor, in accordance with definite instructions given to me, was to be of concrete, and was so set forth in the building contract. Owing, as I am given to understand, to certain changes made in the machinery (which changes have already caused deviations from the original instructions) it is now desired that a large portion of the floor should be of wood instead of concrete as stated above. I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant, J. C. M. KEITH, Architect.

Ald. Bragg said that when the board was elected it was the general impression that the loan had been exhausted and the committee had gone into it fully to give the public the fullest information.

Ald. Wilson said that the question was whether the change in the floor should be endorsed or not.

Ald. Humphrey said that the matter should be left to the committee.

Ald. Cameron said that he was present at the meeting, the floor was only a small one, and moved that the report be adopted with an amendment suggested by the mayor that inch and a half flooring be used.

Ald. McMillan raised the point that the committee had made no recommendation in the matter and the report was amended as he suggested.

Ald. Humphrey said that he believed it would cost twice $3100 to complete the system and Ald. Partridge and McMillan wanted the public to have a correct idea as to finances.

Ald. McLellan said he wanted to have a say in the matter of locating lights and Ald. Bragg and the mayor explained that that was settled last year. Ald. Bragg stated that Mr. Stickles had freely given the estimate as to the cost of completing the matter.

Ald. Williams explained that there was not a single hole left open in James Bay district by the city's workmen.

The amended report was adopted.

Ald. McMillan on behalf of the legislature committee recommended the following amendment to the municipal act:

To strike out section 80 and sub-section (a) of the municipal act and substitute the following:

Sec. 80.—The council of every municipality shall divide the same into wards and may from time to time alter such divisions so as to secure to the voters in each ward equal representation at the council board.

(a.) Whenever it shall appear by the voters' lists in any municipality that the wards in such municipality are so unequally divided that the qualified voters in any ward exceed by more than 20 per cent. in number the qualified voters in any other ward in the said municipality, it shall be the duty of the council on the written request of any four councillors to re-divide such municipality into wards so as to give as near as may be an equal number of voters to each ward and equal representation at the council board having due regard for the assessed values of property in each ward.—Provided, always, that such division shall take place before the first day of October of the year in which such redivision takes place.

Ald. Wilson said he was opposed to the principle but the matter was not gone into, being tabled at the suggestion of Ald. Partridge to be taken up on Monday.

Ald. Humphrey raised a question as to printing, saying that last year the work had been done by contract and there was no doubt money had been lost by the printers. He wanted to know if they were to give the work out or call for tenders. It was decided to have some work needed at once done by tender and if desired the question raised will be taken up again.

The board went into committee on the by-law to allow the city to borrow $120,000 in anticipation of the revenue of the year, on a suspension of the rules. The by-law was reported complete with amendments and passed.

Ald. Williams, in support of his motion re telegraphic communication, pointed out the defects of the present system and the excessive charges on messages to the Sound. The motion was passed.

The finance committee reported recommending the appropriation of $362.55 for election expenses. Ald. Williams objected to the expenses as being too high, saying he believed he could do the same work for $200.

The mayor facetiously suggested that tenders be called for managing the election.

Ald. McLellan and Ald. Humphrey explained that the arrangement was an old one that they could not interfere with.

The report was favorably acted upon, as was another recommendation for the appropriation of $2028.12 out of general revenue. Ald. Williams said he hoped the greatest care would be exercised by the finance committee as there had been a number of complaints.

The mayor and Ald. Humphrey assured the alderman that last year the greatest care was exercised in the matter of finances and Ald. Humphrey offered his place on the finance committee to Ald. Williams.

The finance committee recommended the appropriation of $637 out of the water works loan and $94 out of the electric light fund.

**Miscellany.**

The costliest fur is that of the sea otter. A single skin of this animal, sold last year in London, brought the enormous sum of $1100. It was 6 feet long by 2 feet wide.

It is proposed to establish a telephone line between England and Holland. The London chamber of commerce and the Netherlands chamber of commerce are trying to ascertain if the time is yet ripe for the undertaking.

Gelatin charged with dichromate is now used to protect plated surfaces. A sheet of plater metal after an exposure to an atmosphere of sulfuretted hydrogen for twenty-four hours remained perfectly bright. It is proposed to apply this gelatin to the telescopic glasses of the observatory of Toulouse.

The largest plough in the world is said to be owned by Richard Gird, of California. It stands 18 feet high and weighs 36,000 pounds. It has 12 inch ploughshares and turns over five acres of ground per day, using something over a ton of coal to propel it four miles an hour.

Keep your blood pure and healthy and you will not have rheumatism. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives the blood vitality and richness.

**Good Health**

RESULTS FROM USING

**PURE TEA**

AND OTHER WHOLESOME FOOD

DON'T TAKE "JUST AS GOOD" FOR AN ANSWER

But Insist Upon Getting THE GENUINE **MM** LOOK FOR THE STAR

And the Name of

**M. J. BRANDENSTEIN & CO.**

THIS IS THE GENUINE

SOLD BY ALL FIRST-CLASS STORES.

**NOTICE!!** Some Unscrupulous Grocers may tell you "this is just as good" or "the same as M M ★." It is false. If your Grocer substitutes any other brand in place of M M ★, be honest and send it back.

## TOLD ON A CONGRESSMAN.

A Time When Massachusetts Law Was no Good in Texas.

"In 1860, just after Lincoln had been elected president," said an old friend of Judge Culberson the other day, "there was a neighborhood quarrel between two citizens of Upshur County, Texas. The Southern question was at fever heat, and the feeling was very strong on both sides. Each side of the case, of course, was anxious to get the verdict. The defendant went to Jefferson and engaged Culberson, who was then rising to the distinction of a bright lawyer. Dave's client didn't have any case, the evidence being all against him; but true to his trust, as he always is, Culberson determined to make the best fight he could for him. When the trial came off it turned out that the other fellow had employed a smart young saddle-bag lawyer from Maryland, who had just located in Texas.

"Culberson had the opening speech, and made a good defence for his client under the circumstances. When the Marylander replied in behalf of his client, he produced a vast array of authorities, from which he read in support of his case. When the young man closed Culberson picked up one of the books, from which the opposing counsel had been reading to the court, and said:

"'If your honor please, this young brother of the profession has been reading for your instruction Massachusetts law. This book is printed in Boston. It is 'Greenleaf on Evidence.' We do not want Massachusetts law to govern us in Texas. I have been giving you genuine Texas law, made by our own people.'

"'What's that?' asked the judge very sharply, 'been imposing on the court with Yankee law?'

"'Yes, sir, your honor,' said Culberson, 'he has been reading from this book, which was printed in Boston, Mass.'

"'Pass it over this way,' said the surprised court, looking at the flyleaf intently. Then he said:

"'Mr. Culberson, the court finds that you are correct. It is a Boston print, and we don't want any of it here. No abolition law for Upshur county, and the court will be —— if he will have it.'

"To the supreme disgust of the young lawyer the court continued as follows: 'Sir, upon the evidence in the case I dismiss the suit against Dave Culberson's friend and fine the plaintiff one dollar and costs, and his lawyer five dollars for contempt of court. Now, young man, let that serve as a warning to you not to try to practice abolition law in this state.'

"Culberson's client set up the dinner, and the young Maryland lawyer was one of the first men to enlist in the war. He wanted to whip Massachusetts for the loss of his first case."

**Latest From Japan**

LARGE CONSIGNMENT

(Comprising many Styles, Colors and Designs) of

**Hand-Made Japanese Rugs.**

These Rugs should find a place in your Dining Room, Hall, or some "odd corner" in your Reception Room.

Suitable for any part of the house.

**WEILER BROS.,**

.....51 to 55 Fort Street.

MUNICIPAL.

## NOTICE.

Bastion Street, from Langley to Wharf, is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order,

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc9 tf

## NOTICE.

King's Road, between Douglas and First Streets, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

December 14, 1894. dec14

## NOTICE.

Fort Street, between Wharf and Langley Streets, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, Dec. 12, 1894. dec13

## NOTICE.

Pembroke Street, between Douglas and Blanchard Streets, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

December 27th, 1894.

## NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

oc8-tf

**PENNYROYAL WAFERS.**

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over 10,000 ladies. Once used will use again. Invigorates those organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed in stamp. $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, Detroit, Mich.

**GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION**

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 35 YEARS' TRIAL. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Body and Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six "Cures" guaranteed by other medicines. One pill. One box. $1.00, six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail. Sold by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria, B.C. aug7

**America Photographed**

We have on hand a limited number of complete files of the beautiful Portfolio, America Photographed, which was sold to our readers at 10 cents per copy. For a holiday present nothing more appropriate can be found. A volume only costs $2.00, and as a Christmas Gift will be most acceptable to any person of taste and refinement.

Apply at

TIMES OFFICE,
No. 26 Broad Street.

LEGAL NOTICES.

## The Kaslo and Slocan Railway Co'y.

NOTICE.

A meeting of the shareholders of The Kaslo and Slocan Railway Company will be held at the head office of the Company, No. 28 1-2 Broad street, Victoria, B.C., on Friday, the 15th day of February, 1895, at 11 a.m.

Object—Statutory meeting, election of directors, and generally, affairs of the company.

By order,

D. J. MUNN,
Secretary.

j24-td

## NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Russell and James McDonald, carrying on business at the City of Victoria, and at the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, under the name, style and firm of Charles Russell, McDonald & Co., have by deed dated the 21st day of January, A.D. 1895, assigned all their and each of their real and personal estate whatsoever and wheresoever to Thomas Trevor Hull, of the said City of Victoria, accountant, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably and in proportion to their respective claims and debts and without preference or priority, the creditors of the said Charles Russell and James McDonald, and of the said Charles Russell, McDonald & Company. The said deed was executed by the said Charles Russell and James McDonald, the assignors, and by the said Thomas Trevor Hull, the assignee, on the 21st day of January, A.D. 1895, and the said assignee has undertaken and accepted the trust created by the said deed.

All persons having claims against the said assignors or the said Charles Russell, McDonald & Company must forward or deliver full particulars of claim duly verified to the undersigned on or before the 25th day of February, A.D. 1895, and all persons indebted to the said assignors or the said Charles Russell, McDonald & Company are requested to pay such indebtedness to the said assignee or to the undersigned forthwith. And notice is also hereby given that after the said 25th day of February, A.D. 1895, the assignee will proceed to distribute the assets amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said assignee shall then have had notice, and that the said assignee will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not at the time of such distribution have had notice.

Dated this 23rd day of January, A.D. 1895.

A. L. BELYEA,
Solicitor for the Assignee, office 4 and 5 Board of Trade Building, Bastion Square, Victoria, B.C.

CREDITORS' MEETING.

A meeting of the creditors of the said assignors will be held at 58 Broad street, Victoria, B.C., on Wednesday, the 30th day of January, A.D. 1895, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

A. L. BELYEA,
Solicitor for the Assignee.

jan23-30t

## NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting, to be held in March, 1895, for a transfer to Ross James Ferguson of the license now held by me to sell spirituous liquors by retail upon the premises known as The Gordon Hotel, situate on Johnson street, in the City of Victoria.

ALEX. HENDRY.

Dated this 18th day of December, 1894.

17 1m

## ESTATE OF M. B. LANG, DECEASED.

### Sale by Tender

Sealed tenders at a rate on the dollar are invited for the purchase of the whole of the stock-in-trade (consisting of Groceries, Hardware, Dry Goods, and stock-in-trade of a General Merchant) belonging or appertaining to the business lately carried on by Margaret Boyce Lang, deceased, situate at Golden, B.C. Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 1st day of February, 1895. Particulars and all other information may be obtained upon application to the undersigned. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

A. C. FLUMERFELT,
Victoria, B.C.,
Administrator of the Estate of M. B. Lang, deceased.

d28-1m

## NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof for an act to incorporate a Benefit Society to be called "The Canadian Order of Foresters," with its head office at the City of Brantford, Ontario, with power to insure the members thereof and to establish subordinate Courts of Foresters throughout the Dominion of Canada.

Dated at Brantford, the 26th day of November, A.D. 1894.

HARDY, WILKES & HARDY,
Solicitors for Applicants.

d11-9w

## Quesnelle Quartz Mining Company, Lt'd

## NOTICE

Is hereby given that at a meeting of the directors of the above company held on November 30th, 1894, an assessment of one fourth of one cent per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company payable forthwith to W. A. Johnston, secretary, at the companies' office, Quesnelle, B. C. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 15th day of January, 1895, shall be deemed delinquent and dealt with accordingly. By order of the Board of Directors.

W. A. JOHNSTON, Sec.

Quesnelle, B. C., Nov. 30th, 1894.

d7-6w-d&w

The date of payment of above amount has been extended until February 15th, 1894.

By order of the Board of Directors.

W. A. JOHNSTON, Sec.

j15-1m-d&w

## DAIRYMEN.

The annual meeting of the Dairymen's Association will be held in the Board of Trade rooms, Victoria, on Wednesday, January 30th, 1895, at 10 o'clock a.m.

All interested in this important industry are requested to be present.

Special rates of passage are being arranged.

A. H. B. MACGOWAN, Secretary.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest United States Government Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

## SCIENCE OF THE FARM.

**Fruit Growers and Dairymen to Hold Their Conventions Here Next Week.**

**Technical Papers Dealing With Their Work to be Read at the Gathering.**

The Horticultural Society and Fruit Growers' Association and the Dairymen's Association of British Columbia will hold their annual general meetings here on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week. There will be a large number of delegates present, and both conventions will have some interesting work before them. The programme is as follows: President's address—J. Kirkland, Ladner's. Papers—"Ornamental Shrubs and Plants,"—P. Latham, Westminster. "Prunes,"—William Knight, Popcum; "Drainage,"—A. Ohlson, Victoria; "Entomology,"—Prof. J. Fletcher, Ottawa; "Experimental Stations,"—E. Hutcherson, Ladner's; "Floral Culture,"—J. R. Anderson, Victoria; "Experimental Work,"—T. A. Sharpe, Agassiz; "Uses and Abuses of Irrigation in Okanagan,"—J. E. Hann, Vernon; "Shipping Fruit to Northwest,"—R. M. Palmer, Victoria; "Shipping Fruit,"—G. M. Hendry, Hatzic; "Benefit of Small Holdings,"—R. E. Gosnell, Victoria, and J. Craig, horticulturist, Ottawa, will send interesting papers on subjects for discussion.

The following committee appointed to make experiments in spraying, more particularly for fungus diseases, will report by separate papers: E. Hutcherson, Ladner's; G. W. Henry, Hatzic; Wm. Knight, Popcum; T. Wilson, Harrison river; Henry Kipp, Chilliwack; Henry Davis, Langley; Andrew Ohlson, Victoria; Theodore Trage, Beaver Point.

Members and others having been troubled with pests are requested to report the same to this meeting. Papers from parties whose names do not appear on the programme will be welcome. Members and others having choice samples of fruit, or any un-named or misnamed varities are requested to exhibit same for examination or naming at the meeting. The best possible efforts will be made to answer, or obtain answers to, questions on fruit-growing asked by the members and others. An earnest invitation is given to all parties interested in the objects of the association to be present and join in the discussions which are sought to be made a most valuable part of our work. R. H. Caswell will read a paper on "Care and Handling of Milk," and will exhibit a Babcock tester, showing the value of any samples of milk presented. It is expected to add some further interesting papers on dairying. The committee on tuberculosis will report.

The Canadian Pacific Navigation Company will make a special trip rate from Vancouver or New Westminster of $3, and from Ladner's Landing of $2.50, good to leave Vancouver on Saturday, 27th January, and Westminster or Ladner's Landing on the 28th, and return to Vancouver not later than the 31st, and New Westminster or Ladner's not later than 1st of February. First class tickets can be purchased one way and receipt on printed form to be taken for amount paid, such receipt when signed by J. R. Anderson, department of agriculture, Victoria, or the secretary, will be honored for return passage within the above limits. The Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company will issue excursion tickets for one and a-quarter fare from all points to Victoria on January 28th, 29th and 30th, good to return up to and including the 31st, to all persons attending the meetings, provided they present certificates from J. R. Anderson, department of agriculture, or the secretary, that they are bona fide intending participants in the meetings.

The government gives an annual grant of $1,000 to the Horticultural Association and has endeavored to aid the industry. Yet but little interest has been taken in the matter on the island. The annual meetings of both associations were fixed for Victoria this year, and the city and island should show that the honor is appreciated.

### Brief Locals.

—The following were the passengers for Victoria on the steamer City of Puebla, which sailed from San Francisco to-day: R. G. Tatlow and wife; L. J. Robinson, Mrs. Francis, J. H. Berryhill, J. Koster, Alf. Jones and John Knight.

—Chinatown has put on her holiday attire. The Chinese stores are all closed. It is Chinese New Year. The celebration began at midnight and will be continued for several days. White men have the entree to every house in Chinatown and can eat sweetmeats and drink Chinese wine free of cost. The Chinese servants have not forgotten their employers, and many a lady and gentleman are possessors of fine presents.

## LAW INTELLIGENCE.

**An Order Granted Releasing Frank G. Richards.**

In Williams v. Richards Mr. Justice Drake handed out his judgment on the defendant's application for a release from custody, allowing the application, and Mr. Richards is free. There were several grounds set up by the defendant on which the discharge was asked, amongst them being "That the affidavit (on which the order for arrest was made) does not show a sufficient cause of action and is bad, and the cause of action stated in the affidavit raises from the writ and is wrongly stated." The learned judge held that the objections were good and that the affidavit failed to connect the liability sworn to with the facts, and made an order for the defendant's discharge, costs to be costs in the cause to defendant.

Mr. Thornton Fell for defendant and Mr. A. L. Belyea for plaintiff.

An action was yesterday commenced by Messrs. Bodwell & Irving on behalf of the C. P. N. company against the schooner Annie, which belongs to Capt. Charles Spring. The claim is for $500 damages, being salvage claimed for assistance rendered by the company's steamer Maude. It appears that on the 9th inst. the Annie, while leaving the Friendly Cove, was becalmed, and was drifting ashore rapidly, when the Maude at the sound of distress signals came to her assistance, and thus secured her safety.

## STEVENSON'S QUEER SMOKE.

**How the Novelist Came Near Being Put Off a Long Branch Train.**

The following anecdote about Robert Louis Stevenson is related in Harper's Weekly:

During his last visit to this country Robert Louis Stevenson escaped a very unpleasant experience and never knew it. A journalist, who knew Stevenson by his published portraits, entered a car at Long Branch, and saw the famous author seated in a corner, with a black square box on the opposite seat and a rubber tube dangling from it. The conductor knew the journalist, and said to him, pointing to Mr. Stevenson:

"I'm going to put that man with the long hair off the train. He is smoking. I asked him not to, but he's been at it again when I've been out of the car."

"He's not smoking," said the journalist; "that is some device for carrying medicine in the form of vapor, which he inhales in his lungs. He is an invalid. That is Robert Louis Stevenson, the novelist."

The conductor seemed interested, but only for a minute.

"I don't care," he said. "It doesn't matter who he is. I call it smoking, and he has been at it after I told him not to."

The journalist tried another tack. "Did you ever read 'Kidnapped?' he asked.

"Naw," said the conductor. "I don't care what he is; he has got to obey the rules."

The journalist persisted. "Did you ever read 'Treasure Island?'"

"Naw," said the conductor. "I don't read many novels; they are all trash anyhow."

"Hold on," said the journalist. "Did you ever read Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde? He wrote that also."

"What?' said the conductor. "Did I read 'Jekkle 'n Hyde? Well, I guess I did. Coudn't sleep the night I finished it. I seen it played at the theatre too. It's great, isn't it? Well, that man is a dandy, ain't he? He can smoke—he can; 'tain't what you call smoking, is it? Sick, is he? He does look sick. I'd like to see any one object to a man like that taking his medicine."

## BENEFITS OF THE BEARD.

**A Safeguard Against Throat and Facial Troubles.**

It is to be feared that too many men deprive themselves of what Shakespeare calls "valor's excrement" without counting the possible cost. Whether the beard be an ornament to the masculine countenance we must leave the ladies to decide; it certainly has its uses in hiding a weak chin, and in some cases it seems to be cultivated as a vicarious compensation for a hairless scalp. It is not, however, in its cosmetic so much as its hygienic aspects that the blessedness of the beard—in which term we include the whole of the harvest usually claimed by the razor—is most apparent. That it is a safeguard to the throat is generally admitted, and writers of authority have insisted on its value as a protection against toothache and facial neuralgia. This is a goodly sum of advantage to the credit of the beard.

Dr. Chabbert, of Toulouse, has, however, more to say in its favor. According to this practitioner, the beard seems to be a very efficient defence against that form of facial paralysis which is caused by cold. This affection is far more common than in men, though the latter are, of course, much more exposed to the cause which produces it. When facial paralysis, a frigore, does not occur in men, they are almost invariably individuals to whom nature has been stepmotherly in the matter of beard, or who have wantonly thrown away the protective covering with which she has clothed their faces. Dr. Chabbert cites the experience of several physicians, in addition to his own, in support of this opinion. Prof. Andre, of Toulouse, has seen several cases of the affection in question in women, but not in man; he has heard of one, indeed, which would appear to be an excellent example of the exception which proves the rule, for the patient was a "lyric artist," with the facci di musico so distasteful to Lord Byron. Prof. Pitres, of Bordeaux, has seen twelve cases in women and only two in men; both the latter shaved, though. As one of them underwent the operation only twice a week, his case, perhaps, does not count for much, unless it be held that his face was more vulnerable after those periodical denudations. Similar observations are quoted from Dr. Oliver, of Toulouse, and Dr. Sudre, of Carmaux.

These facts, though hardly sufficient to found an induction on, seem at least to establish a prima facie case for the utility of the beard against facial paralysis of the kind referred to. In these days, when nature's traditional privileges are one by one being invaded by the "new woman," he may, perhaps, be forgiven for making the most of such advantages as may be considered exclusively his own.—British Medical Journal.

Houser (meditatively)—How true it is that the past cannot be recalled for love or money.

Mrs. Houser (suggestively)—Yes, dear; but then you know you can easily buy the present.

And when Houser came down to breakfast the next morning he found all the Christmas advertisements in the morning paper marked with red ink.—Buffalo Courier

## THE FINANCIAL QUESTION

**Republican Caucus Held To-Day to Try and Settle the Troublesome Matter.**

**No Pronounced Objections to the Views Advanced by Senator Allison.**

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—Senators generally are inclined to hope that the Republican caucus to be held to-day will tend to a solution of the financial question. Summarizing the situation as it now appears, the views of Senators Allison, of Iowa, a close condensation of which may be considered as only a temporary expedient to make good the deficiency in the government revenues, has thus far met with no pronounced objection. These views will have earnest attention at the caucus. They include the issue of an interest bearing note to run for two or three years, with the express purpose of meeting the deficit caused by the falling of the revenue. This, Mr. Allison thinks, would increase the circulation sufficiently to meet the current obligations of the treasury. It is understood that the experts at the treasury department have been compiling statistics for several days relating to the receipts under the new law for the use of the finance committee. These show that after the first of April the receipts will equal, if they will not exceed, the expenditures. The department, it is said, looks with disfavor upon any proposition to increase the tariff duties. If currency revision cannot be had, then, it is said that all Mr. Carlisle wants is sufficient authority to issue bonds or some other evidence of indebtedness to tide him over the period pending the time when the receipts will approximate what he now expects. The silver men are not prepared to say what they will do in the matter. When asked about the situation they point out another, and to them a better way to meet our current expenditure. This they say should be done by the coinage of the seigniorage now in the vaults of the treasury, which would give the treasury about $55,000,000, or five millions more than it is proposed to allow under Mr. Allison's scheme or by the issue of bonds. Several of the most prominent of the silver Republicans said this afternoon that the matter of caring for the deficit in the treasury would be speedily settled by the senate after the committee reported, so long as the measure they may report related to the question exclusively and did not enter the field of currency reform or financial legislation.

## ABOUT BOILED MILK.

**Safer and More Nutritious Than in the Natural State.**

The practice of subjecting milk to boiling heat before consumption has of late been widely adopted in European countries, whose public hygiene has hitherto been such as to counsel every means of minimizing the conveyance of infection. British travelers in Latin countries especially will be reassured by this salutary innovation, experience having taught them that the milk supplied in hotels and pensions and added to their morning meal of tea and coffee, has been too often tainted with the micro-organisms of infectious or contagious disease. Sanitary truth progresses slowly into these regions, and when the public health officer at length succeeded in establishing the unwelcome fact that milk was one of the surest channels by which infectious diseases were diffused, he had to encounter the objection that the boiling process to which he insisted on its being subjected, deprives it of its nutrient properties and also its digestibility. Again, however, he has been able to show that reason was on his side, and that milk, after boiling, is not only more easily digested, but has actually a higher nutrient value than in the crude state. We allude especially to Dr. Chamouin's experiments in which he fed a number of kittens on the same boiled milk and an equal number of kittens on the same milk as it came direct from the cow or goat. Those of the former category he found to be twice as healthy as those of the latter.

Following up this demonstration Dr. Chamouin examined the statistics officially issued by the town council of Paris as to the infantile mortality of that city, and finding that the chief cause of this was, directly or remotely, intestinal, he prosecuted his researches still further, so as to include a comparison between those infants that had been fed on boiled and those infants that had been fed on unboiled milk. As he anticipated, he found a remarkable diminution in the death rate of the former. His investigation was continued long enough to show that thousands of infants are annually safeguarded from intestinal disease and death by the precaution of boiling them milk on which they are fed.

## CROSS EYES MAY BE CURED.

**A Visual Defect Removed by the Early Use of Glasses.**

Strabismus, or "cross eyes," are now safely and almost painlessly corrected by the wearing of proper spectacles in early youth; but, according to the Philadelphia Record, if the evil is not then corrected, an operation later on will be necessary.

The removal of a "cataract" from the eye is one of the most delicate operations performed by the oculist. A cataract is formed by the lense of the eye becoming opoque, so as to appear grayish or otherwise, when it shuts out the light from the optic nerve. The oculist of to-day cuts into the ball of the eye and removes the darkened lens, and the optician supplies the defect by artificial lenses that make good the sight. The demand for glass eyes is increasing as the cataract and the quality of the eyes improve. Unsightly eyeballs are now removed in part, leaving enough of the muscles to rotate the glass shell that is placed over them. Where the work is properly done the possessor of the glass eye can move it about with all the naturalness of a real optic, and in many cases it is very difficult to tell the manufactured article from the genuine. All the wild stories about substituting rabbit's eyes for human eyes, or the statement to the effect that oculists can take eyes from their sockets, wipe them with a coarse towel and restore them unimpaired to the happy patient, are all moonshine, and any one who is called upon to listen to such tales is perfectly justified if under such circumstances he should wink the other eye.

The tide taken at the flood only bears a man on to fortune when he is smart enough to walk ashore before it can take him back.—Puck.

Famous violinist (after his great solo).—Do you play any instrument, Fraulein?

Miss Bethel—No; my mother always said that her children should be a nuisance to anyone if she could help it.

YOUR OVERCOAT IS SHABBY

But you say you cannot afford to buy a new one. Now we are going to sell them at such prices that you can't afford to wear a shabby Coat.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Some that were $22.00 | Now | $16.00 |
| Some that were $20.00 | Now | 13.50 |
| Some that were $18.00 | Now | 12.50 |
| Some that were $16.00 | Now | 11.00 |
| Some that were $10.00 | Now | 10.00 |
| Some that were $12.00 | Now | 8.00 |

It is seldom happens that such goods are found in the company of such prices, and as this array of Bargains can't remain long in camp, come early and get your choice.

S. REID,

122 Government Street,
Next New England Hotel.

### MISCELLANY.

"What did the editor get for his Christmas?"

"A gold collar button."

"Well, isn't he satisfied?"

"No. Now he wants a shirt."—Atlanta Constitution.

"Ah, goo! Ah, gah! Bgib gib bah, bah!" said the baby.

"By jove, isn't that wonderful?" exclaimed the delighted father. "It ne hasnt got our college yell of '91, I'm a ghost!"—Cincinnati Tribune.

Parvenu hostess (to stable boy, attired as waiter for the occasion of a dinner party)—James, why do you not fill Mr. DeGluttonne's glass?

James—Law, ma'am, what's the use? He empties it as fast as I can fill it.—Truth.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound.—A Clayhourne, G E Howe, L Sear, J R Weldon, D C Farwell.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound.—Jay Co, Redon & Hastangle, C Brand & Co, R B Ogley, Yoodal & Sinclair, E N Pence & Co.

Use Gibbon's Tootache gum, sold druggists.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from All European Points

From Halifax.

| | |
|---|---|
| Allan Line, Numidian | Feb. 2 |
| Allan Line, Mongolian | Feb. 16 |
| Allan Line, Laurentian | Mar. 2 |
| Dominion Line, Oregon | Feb. 9 |
| Dominion Line, Labrador | Feb. 23 |
| Dominion Line, Vancouver | Mar. 9 |

From New York.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cunard Line, Lucania | Jan. 26 |
| Cunard Line, Etruria | Feb. 2 |
| American Line, Chester | Jan. 30 |
| American Line, Paris | Feb. 6 |
| White Star Line, Majestic | Jan. 30 |
| White Star Line, Adriatic | Feb. 6 |
| North Ger. Lloyd, Ems | Jan. 29 |
| North Ger. Lloyd, Lahn | Feb. 5 |
| Anchor Line, Anchoria | Jan. 26 |
| Anchor Line, Cimbria | Feb. 9 |
| Red Star Line, Belgenland | Jan. 30 |
| Red Star Line, Rhyland | Feb. 13 |
| Allan State Line, State of Nebraska | Jan. 31 |
| Allan State Line, State of California | Feb. 14 |

Saloon fares from $40.00 to $90.00, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25.00 to $40.00. Steerage, $10.90 to $25.00. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5.00 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10.00 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria
Cor. Fort and Government Streets.

MERCHANTS' LUNCH

Served at the

Poodle Dog Restaurant

From 12 to 2 with glass of beer or claret, 40 cents.
Regular meals with glass of beer or claret 50 cents.

j18 LOUIS MARBOEUF, PROP.

AMUSEMENTS.

PYTHIAN HOME SOCIAL SERIES.

Anniversary Social Dance,

Castle Hall, Duck Building, Broad Street.
Wednesday Evening, February 6th, 1895.
Tickets, $150, including supper.

BURNS' ANNIVERSARY.

Concert

AND

Social Dance

Under the auspices of
The St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society
AT A. O. U. W. HALL
FRIDAY, January 25th,
Commencing at 8:30 p.m.
Admission, including refreshments.—
Gentlemen, - 75c.
Ladies, - - 50c.

Victoria Poultry

AND

DOG SHOW.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, January, 29, 30 and 31st.

For catalogue and entry forms address
W. C. CHAMBERS, Sec.,
j23-9t-3tw Victoria.

FINNAN HADDIES,

NO. 1 MACKEREL,

in 1-2 bbls. and kits.

LABRADOR HERRING,

all newly arrived.

FRESH EASTERN OYSTERS,

received regularly.

Erskine, Wall & Co.,

Cor. Govt. and Fort Sts.

J. Sluggett & Co.,

Having gone into the Dairy Business, we are able to supply good and fresh Milk from the Saanich Dairy. Morning and evening delivery. Other farm produce also supplied.
Leave orders at office, 24 Hillside Ave., near Victoria & Sidney Railway Station.

TO RENT.

A 7-roomed furnished dwelling house, with bathroom, with about two acres of land, situate on the Craigflower road and fronting on the Victoria Arm. Rent moderate. For particulars apply to
YATES & JAY, 22 Bastion St.,
jan21-1w Victoria, B.C.